

Supplementary figures

Penttilä *et al* Duration of untreated psychosis as predictor of long-term outcome in schizophrenia. *Br J Psychiatry* 2014; **205**: 88–94.

Fig. DS1 The correlation between DUP and general symptomatic outcome. Negative correlation indicates that long DUP is associated with poor outcome.

General symptomatic outcome

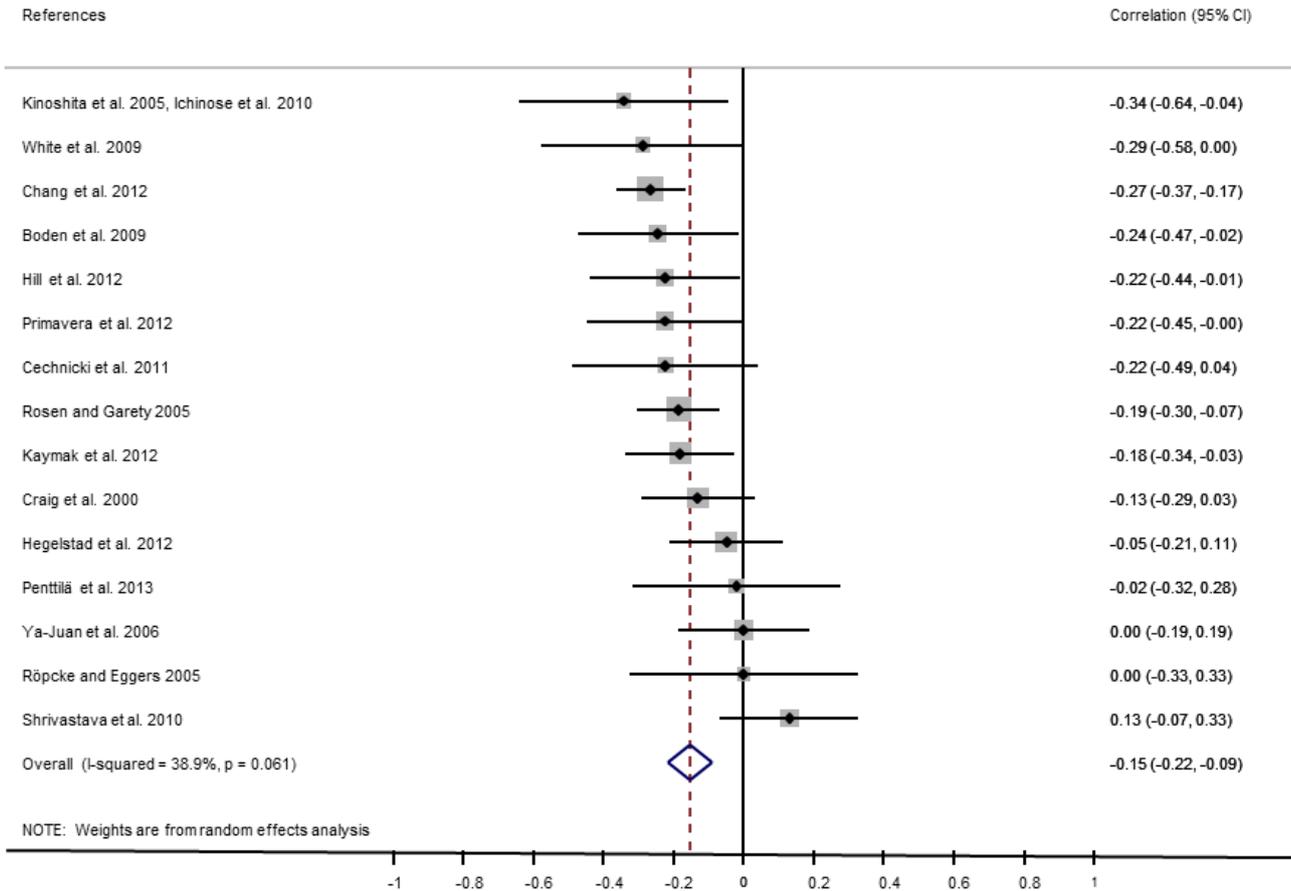


Fig. DS2 The correlation between DUP and positive symptoms. Negative correlation indicates that long DUP is associated with poor outcome.

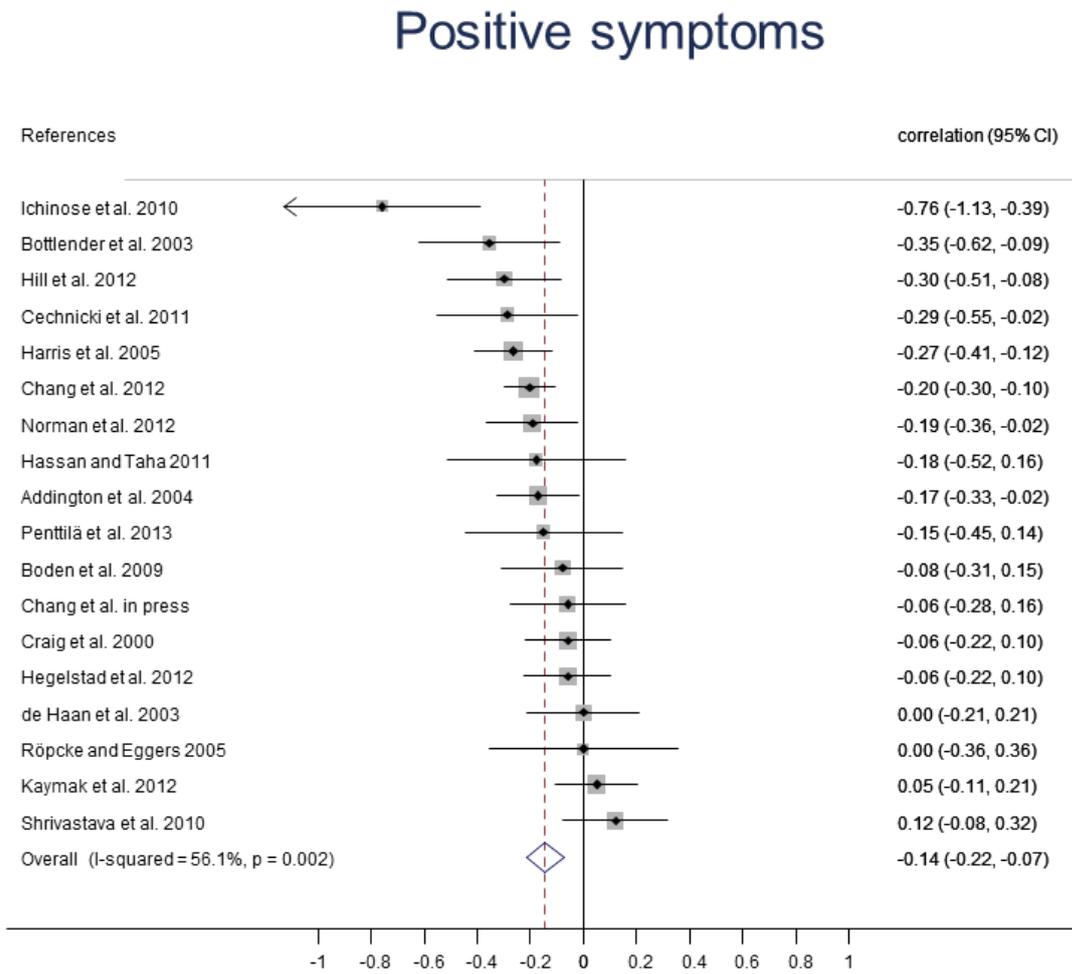


Fig. DS3 The correlation between DUP and negative symptoms. Negative correlation indicates that long DUP is associated with poor outcome.

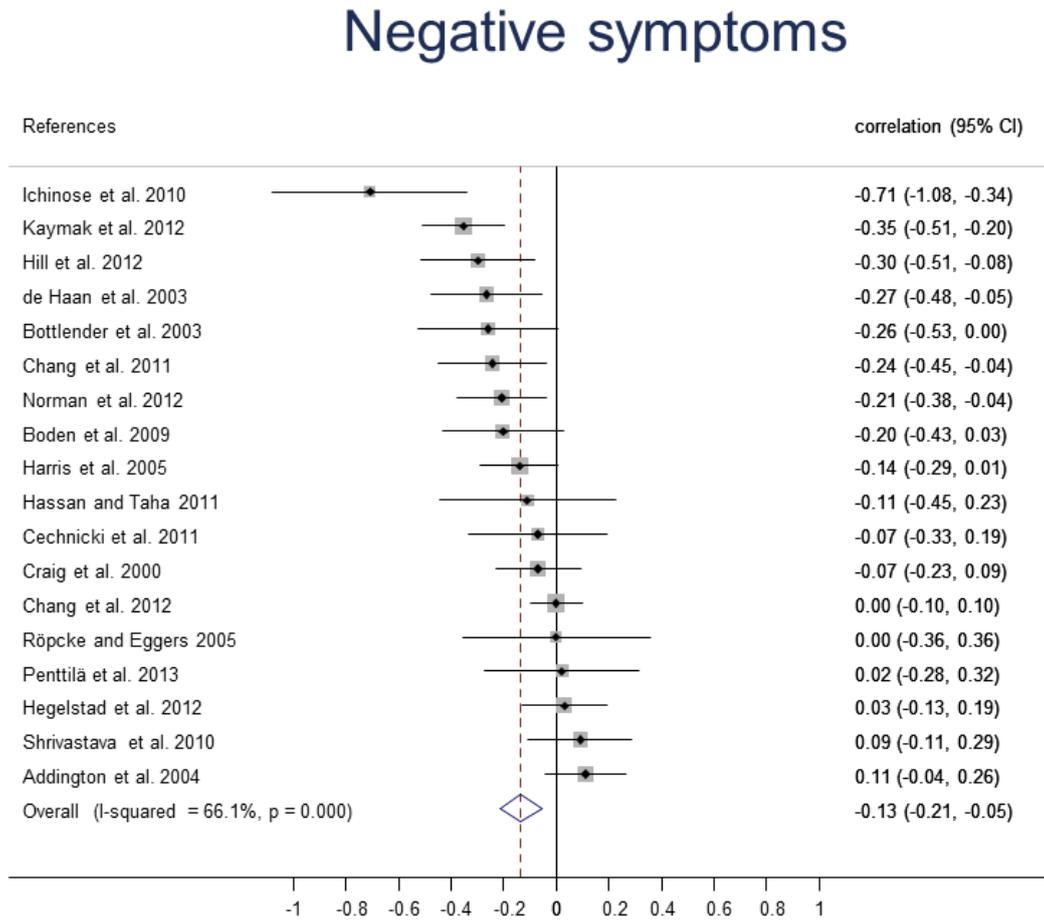


Fig. DS4 The correlation between DUP and hospital treatments. Negative correlation indicates that long DUP is associated with poor outcome.

Hospital treatments

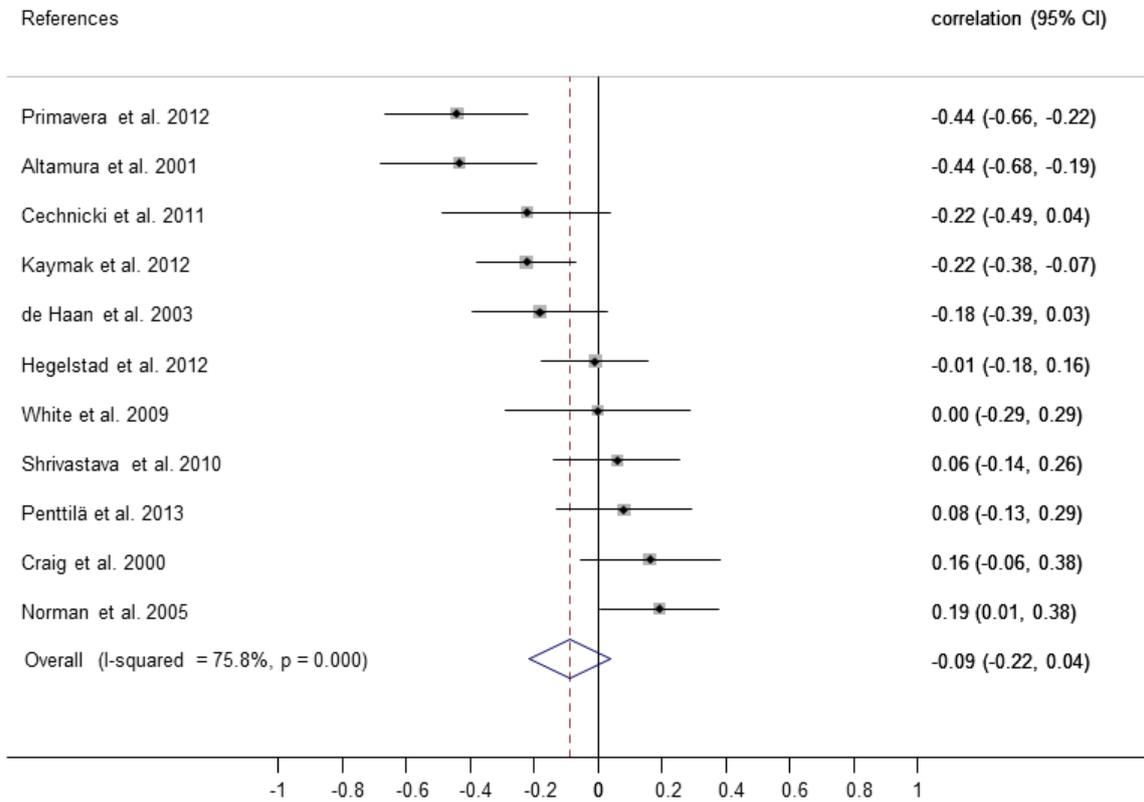


Fig. DS5 The correlation between DUP and social functioning. Negative correlation indicates that long DUP is associated with poor outcome.

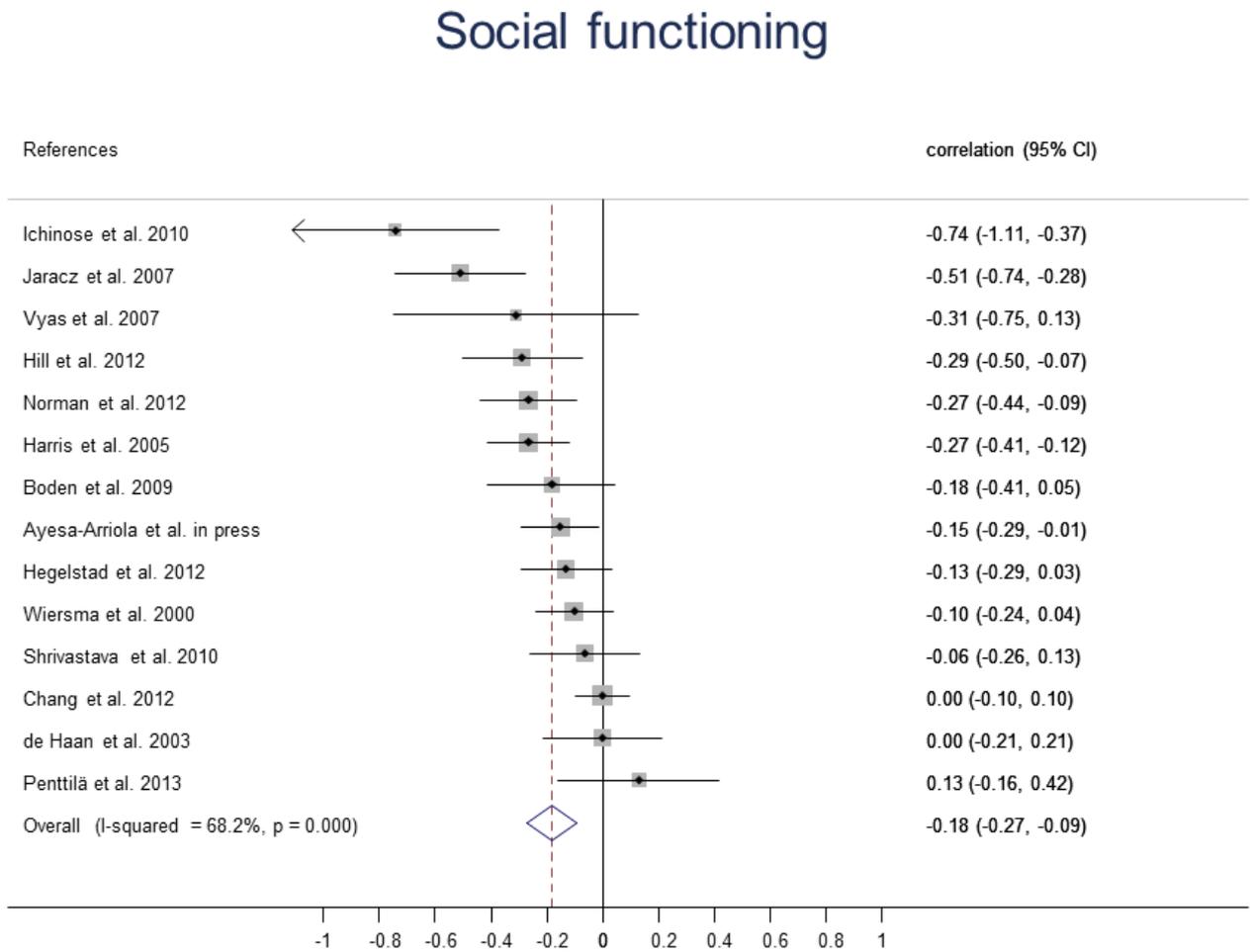


Fig. DS6 The correlation between DUP and employment. Negative correlation indicates that long DUP is associated with poor outcome.

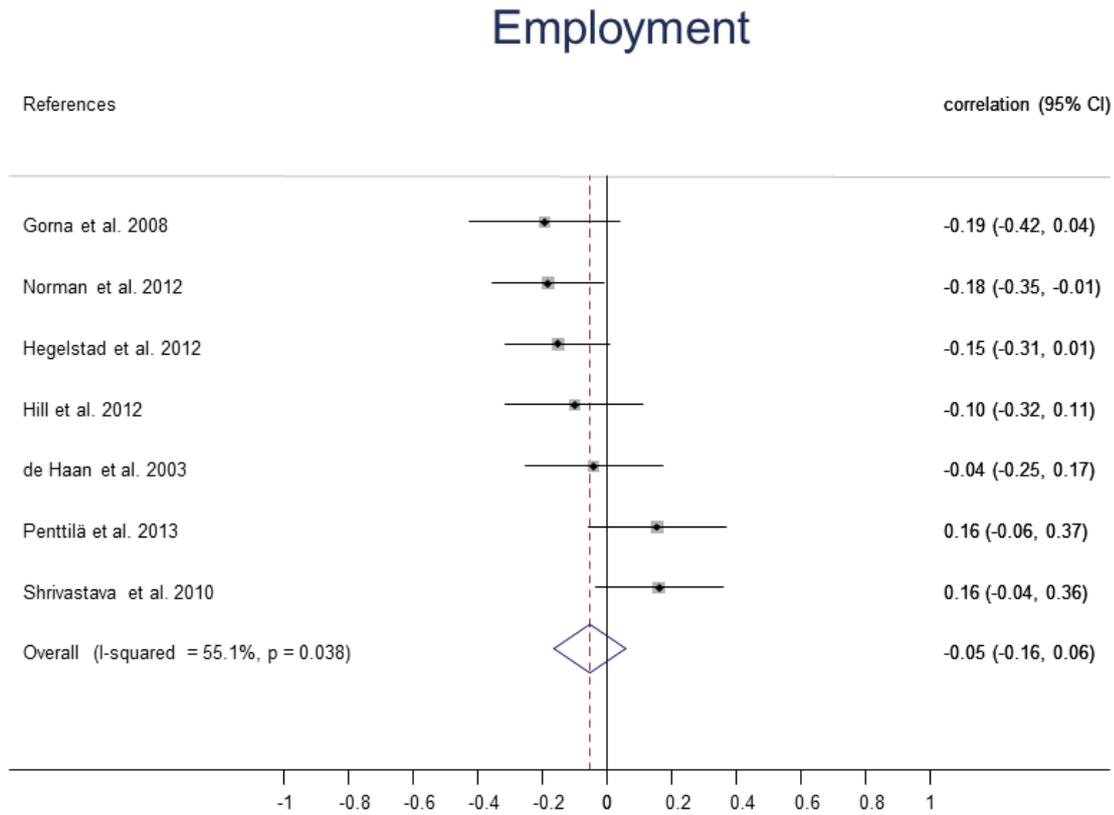


Fig. DS7 The correlation between DUP and global outcome. Negative correlation indicates that long DUP is associated with poor outcome.

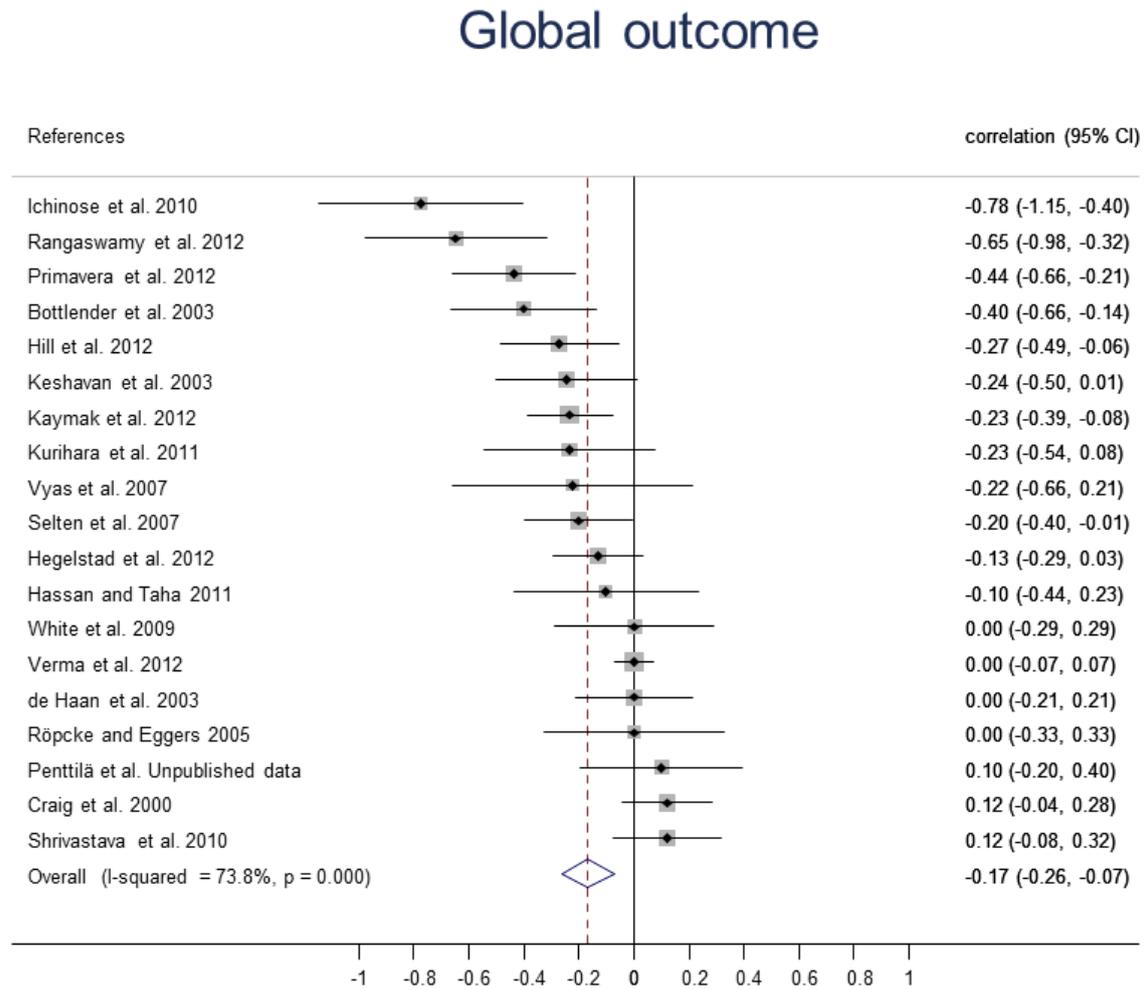


Fig. DS8 The correlation between DUP and quality of life. Negative correlation indicates that long DUP is associated with poor outcome.

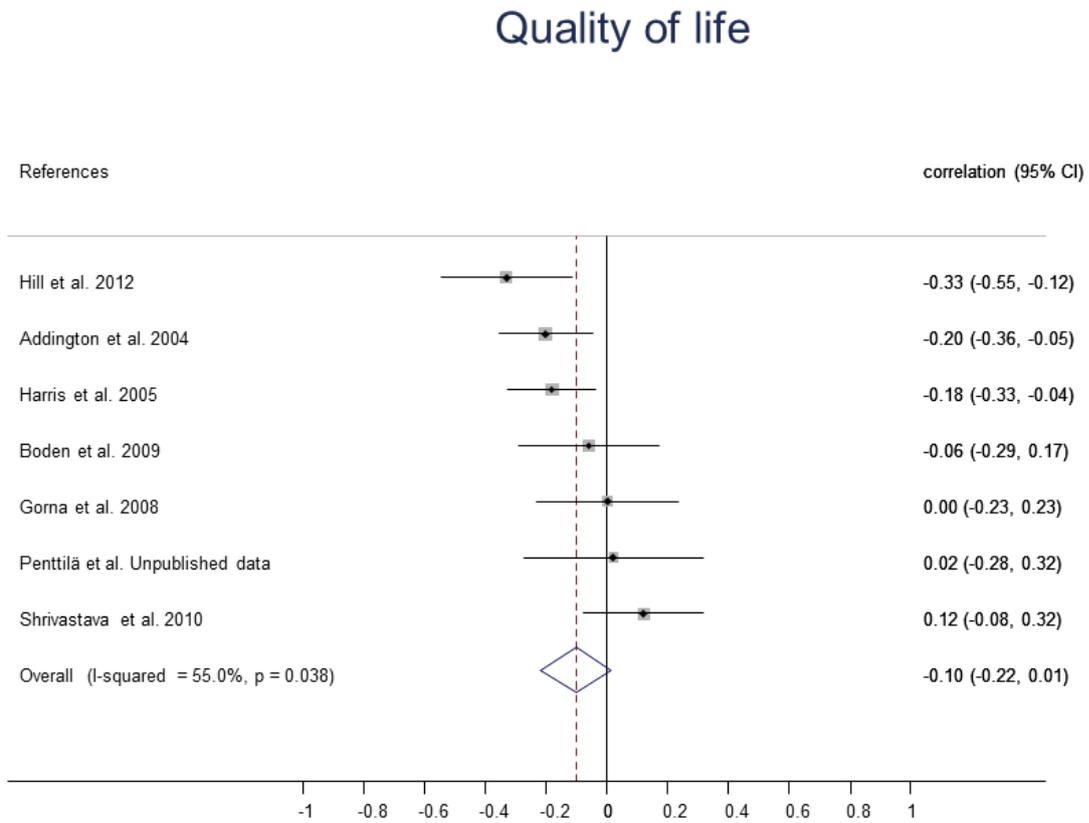


Fig. DS9 The correlation between DUP and remission. Negative correlation indicates that long DUP is associated with poor outcome.

