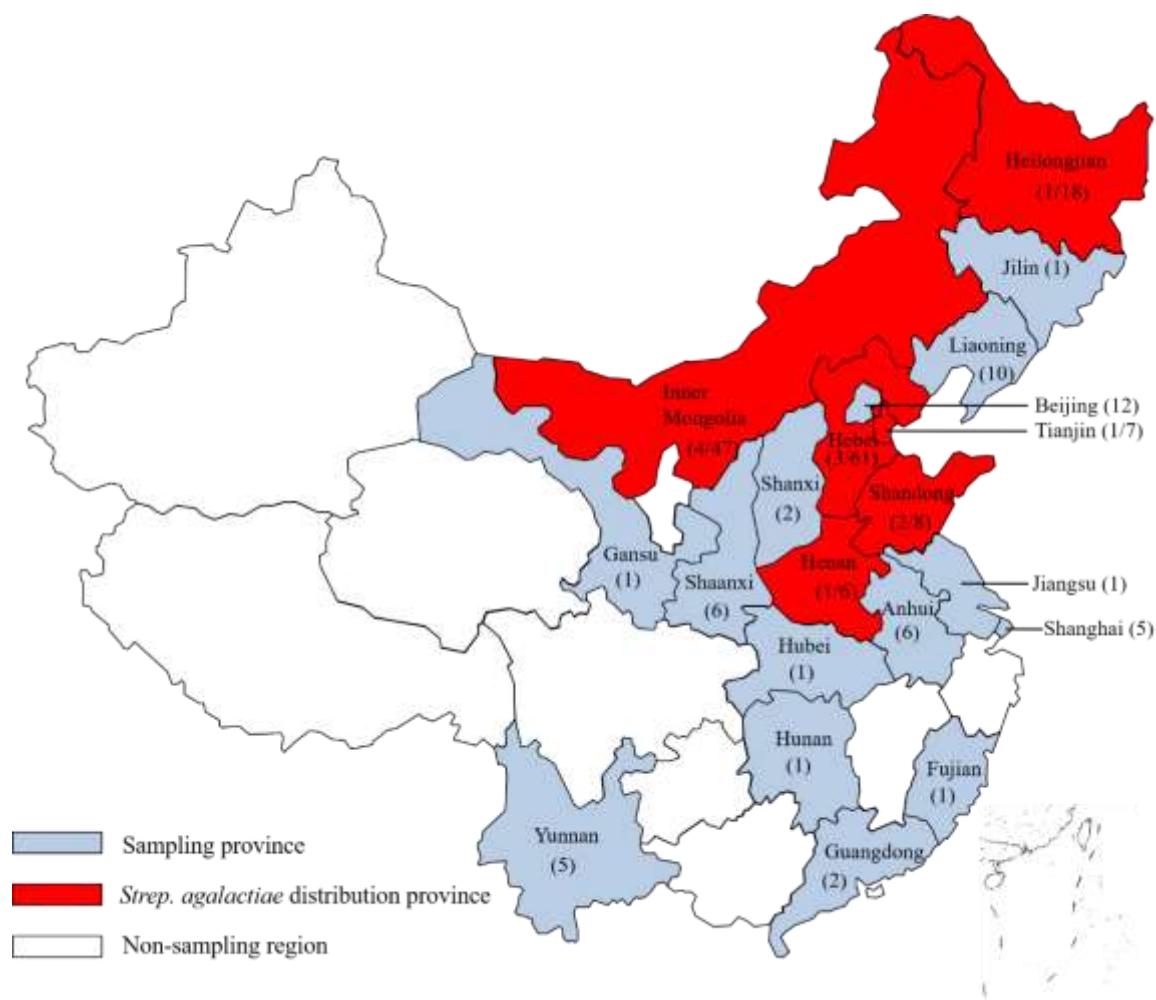


The prevalence, molecular characterization, and antimicrobial resistance profiling of *Streptococcus agalactiae* isolated from clinical mastitis cases on large dairy farms in China

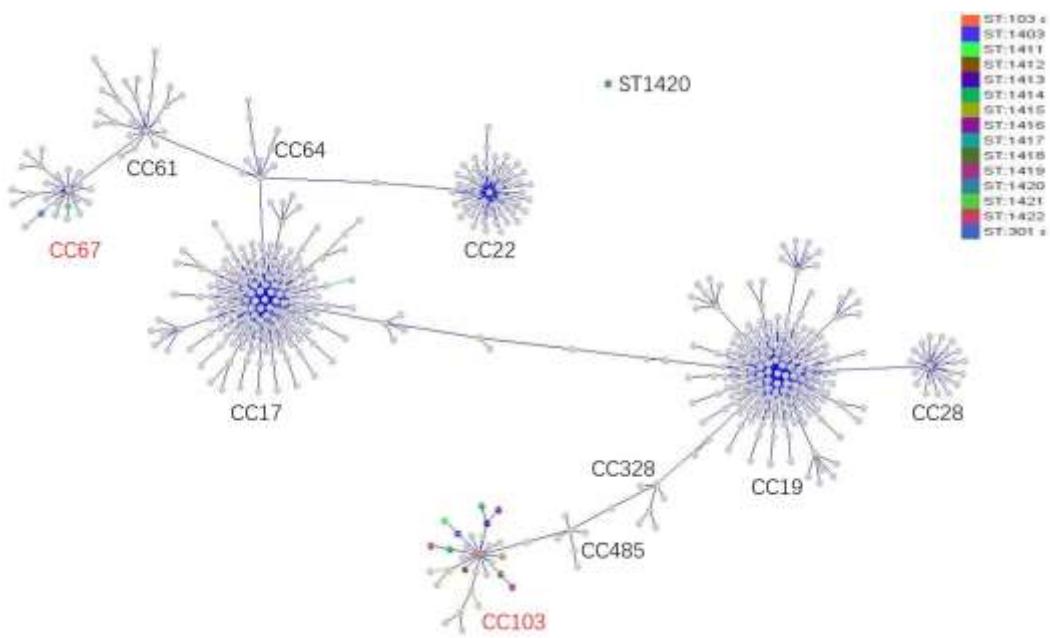
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SUPPLEMENTARY FILE



Supplementary Figure 1. Geographic distribution of the 201 dairy herds and *Strep. agalactiae* isolated herds in each province of China.



Supplementary Figure 2: goeBURST dendrogram of the 140 *Strep. agalactiae* isolates

Supplementary Table 1. Distribution and prevalence of 140 *Streptococcus agalactiae* isolated from clinical mastitis in 201 large Chinese dairy herds

Province	Herds		Samples		<i>Streptococcus</i>		<i>Streptococcus</i>	
	No.	%	No. ¹	%	Isol	%	Isol	%
Anhui	6	3.0	159	3.9	37	23.3	0	0.0
Beijing	12	6.0	243	6.0	17	7.0	0	0.0
Fujian	1	0.5	12	0.3	0	0.0	0	0.0
Gansu	1	0.5	30	0.7	0	0.0	0	0.0
Guangdong	2	1.0	98	2.4	12	12.2	0	0.0
Hebei	61	30.3	867	21.5	129	14.9	26	3
Henan	6	3.0	86	2.1	6	7.0	1	1.2
Heilongjiang	18	9.0	434	10.7	45	10.4	7	1.6
Hubei	1	0.5	55	1.4	2	3.6	0	0.0
Hunan	1	0.5	21	0.5	3	14.3	0	0.0
Jilin	1	0.5	8	0.2	2	25.0	0	0.0
Jiangsu	1	0.5	9	0.2	3	33.3	0	0.0
Liaoning	10	5.0	156	3.9	19	12.2	0	0.0
Inner Mongolia	47	23.4	1334	33.0	232	17.4	19	1.4
Shandong	8	4.0	426	3.1	93	21.8	83	19.5
Shanxi	2	1.0	26	0.6	1	3.8	0	0.0
Shaanxi	6	3.0	68	1.7	3	4.4	0	0.0
Shanghai	5	2.5	108	2.7	24	22.2	0	0.0
Tianjin	7	3.5	92	2.3	21	22.8	4	4.3
Yunnan	5	2.5	109	2.7	36	33.0	0	0.0
Total	201	100	4341	100	685	15.8	140	3.2

¹Number of clinical mastitis isolates

Supplementary Table 2. Distribution and isolated time of 140 *Streptococcus agalactiae*

Province	Herd	Date of sampling	Samples	Number of isolates	Prevalence (%)	95% CI ¹ (%)
Shandong		2017.04.26	50	29	58	44.2_70.6
	A	2019.05.12	67	11	16.4	9.4_27.1
		2019.08	98	42	42.9	33.5_52.7
	J	2018.12.02	12	1	8.3	1.5_35.4
Hebei	C	2018.12.27	27	3	11.1	3.9_28.1
	K	2019.08.02	121	21	17.4	11.6_25.1
	F	2018.05.03	43	2	4.7	1.3_15.5
Inner Mongolia	E	2018.12.26	65	2	3.1	0.9_10.6
	G	2018.03.07	83	10	12.1	6.7_20.8
	H	2018.04.19	25	4	16	6.4_34.7
Heilongjiang	I	2018.05.03	39	3	7.7	2.7_20.3
	S	2018.10.29	58	7	12.1	6_22.9
	D	2018.10.28	28	4	14.3	5.7_31.5
Henan	L	2019.08	36	1	2.8	0.5_14.2
	Total	12	-	752	140	18.6
						16_21.6

¹ 95% confidence interval**Supplementary Table 3.** Information of colonial complex (CC) and sequence type (ST) of the 140 *Strep. agalactiae* isolates

CC	ST	Iso.	%	Overall % (95% CI)	Allele						
					adhP	pheS	atr	glnA	sdhA	glcK	tkt
103	103	50	35.71		16	1	6	2	9	9	2
	1403	1	0.71		16	1	6	2	7	9	2
	1411	6	4.29		16	7	6	2	7	9	2
	1412	1	0.71		16	16	6	2	9	9	2
	1413	37	26.43		16	9	6	2	9	9	2
	1414	34	24.29	97.86	16	70	6	2	9	9	2
	1415	3	2.14	(93.89_99.27)	16	37	6	2	9	9	2
	1416	1	0.71		16	9	6	98	9	9	2
	1417	1	0.71		16	9	67	2	9	9	2
	1418	1	0.71		16	21	6	2	9	9	2
67	1419	1	0.71		97	21	6	2	9	9	2
	1422	1	0.71		16	70	53	2	9	9	2
	301	1	0.71	1.43	13	1	1	13	1	28	5
	1421	1	0.71	(0.39_5.06)	13	70	1	13	1	1	5
	1420	1	0.71	0.71 (0.12_3.93)	13	9	173	13	1	1	5

Supplementary Table 4. MIC of each antimicrobial against isolates collected in Farm A changes from 2017 to 2019. Minimum concentration of an antimicrobial that inhibited the visible growth of 50% (MIC₅₀) and 90% of microorganisms (MIC₉₀).

Antimicrobial	Year	NO.	Isolates at each indicated MIC ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)													<i>P</i> -value ¹	MIC ₅₀	MIC ₉₀	
			<0.015	0.015	0.03	0.06	0.125	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	8	16	32	>32			
Penicillin	2017	29	-	-	-	1	21	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.001	0.125	0.125
	2019	53	1	3	17	19	11	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		0.03	0.06
Cefalexin	2017	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	24	-	-	-	-	0.026	4	4
	2019	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	19	30	1	-	-	-		4	4
Ceftiofor	2017	29	1	2	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.009	0.03	0.03
	2019	53	1	19	30	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		0.03	0.03
Cefquinome	2017	29	-	-	7	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.001	0.06	0.06
	2019	53	-	3	39	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		0.03	0.06
Clindamycin	2017	29	-	-	5	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	<0.001	0.06	0.06
	2019	53	-	39	4	8	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		0.015	0.06
Tetracycline	2017	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	14	0.924	16	32
	2019	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	26	25		16	32
Enrofloxacin	2017	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	26	2	-	-	-	-	-	<0.001	0.5	0.5

	2019	53	-	-	-	-	-	22	30	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5
Amoxi/clav ³	2017	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5
	2019	53	-	-	-	-	-	16	35	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5
Daptomycin	2017	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	22	4	-	-	8	16
	2019	53	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	21	2	-	-	4	8

1. Italic font represents significant difference ($P < 0.05$).

Supplementary Table 5. Difference in MIC of antimicrobials against isolates from major farms

Antimicrobials	Farms ¹	NO.	Isolates at each indicated MIC ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)													Overall P-value ²
			<0.015	0.015	0.03	0.06	0.125	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	8	16	32	
Penicillin	A ^a	82	1	3	17	20	32	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.001
	K ^b	21	-	-	5	15	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	G ^c	10	-	-	-	-	3	7	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	
Cefalexin	A ^a	82	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	24	54	1	-	-	-
	K ^b	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	2	-	-	<0.001
	G ^a	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	6	-	-	-	-
Ceftiofor	A ^a	82	2	21	56	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	K ^b	21	-	12	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	0.042
	G	10	-	4	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tetracycline	A ^a	82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	41	39	-
	K ^b	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	19	-	-	-	-	<0.001
	G ^a	10	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	5	-
Enrofloxacin	A ^a	82	-	-	-	-	-	23	56	3	-	-	-	-	-	<0.001

	K ^b	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	12	1	-	-	-	-	-
	G ^b	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amoxi/clav ³	A ^a	82	-	-	-	-	-	16	64	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	K ^b	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	1	-	-	-	-	-	0.035
	G	10	-	-	-	-	-	1	7	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Daptomycin	A ^a	82	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	30	43	6	-	-
	K ^a	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	16	2	-	<0.001
	G ^c	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	8	-	-
Erythromycin	A ^a	82	45	-	28	2	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	3
	K ^b	21	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.001
	G ^a	10	2	-	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

1. a–c indicate within three major farms with various superscript difference ($P < 0.05$).

Supplementary Table 6. Difference in MIC of antimicrobials against isolates of three major STs

Antimicrobials	ST ¹	NO.	Isolates at each indicated MIC ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)													Overall P-value ²
			<0.015	0.015	0.03	0.06	0.125	0.25	0.5	1	2	4	8	16	32	
Penicillin	103 ^a	49	-	-	-	1	31	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.001
	1413 ^b	37	-	3	7	16	3	5	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	
	1414 ^b	34	-	-	12	13	-	8	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	
Cefalexin	103 ^a	49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	38	1	-	-	-
	1413 ^b	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	25	9	1	-	-
	1414 ^a	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	22	-	-	-	-
Cefquinome	103 ^a	49	-	-	15	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1413 ^b	37	-	4	22	8	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	<0.001
	1414 ^b	34	-	-	26	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clindamycin	103 ^a	49	-	1	16	26	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	4	-
	1413 ^b	37	-	17	14	2	-	-	1	-	2	-	1	-	-	<0.001
	1414 ^b	34	-	18	9	3	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-
Tetracycline	103 ^a	49	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	22	23	0.016
	1413 ^b	37	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	2	10	-	1	11	11	

	1414	34	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	12	15	-
Daptomycin	103 ^a	49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	3	36	7	-
	1413	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	17	9	-	-
	1414 ^b	34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	11	5	-	-
Erythromycin	103 ^a	49	18	-	22	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
	1413 ^b	37	24	-	7	1	1	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	2
	1414 ^b	34	23	-	5	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	5

1. a–c indicate within three major provinces with various superscript difference ($P < 0.05$).