Udder health of dairy cows with an extended voluntary waiting period from calving until the first insemination

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SUPPLEMENTARY FILE

Table S1. Variables regarding udder health for all cows with a voluntary waiting period from calving until the first insemination of 50, 125, or 200 days (VWP-50, VWP-125, or VWP-200) in the complete lactation.

	VWP			Parity			P-value ¹			
	VWP50	VWP125	VWP200	SEM	1	<u>≥2</u>	SEM	VWP	Par	VWPxPar
Cows, n	54	49	51		41	113				
Average SCC ² within full lactation	4.34	4.44	4.31	0.07	3.88	4.84	0.06	0.26	< 0.01	0.04
Average SCC ² corrected for milk yield	4.31	4.35	4.16	0.06	3.69	4.85	0.06	0.05	< 0.01	0.07
Elevations of SCC (% of cows)	77.1	67.2	75.6	9.4	65.9	80.8	7.6	0.50	0.05	0.38
Elevations of SCC (n cases/ affected cow)	2.0	2.4	2.1	0.3	1.5	2.8	0.3	0.48	< 0.01	0.35
Elevations of SCC (n, per lactation)	1.6	1.7	1.6	0.2	1.1	2.7	0.2	0.96	< 0.01	0.21
Elevations of SCC (n, per cow per year)	1.7	1.3	1.1	0.2	0.9	2.0	0.2	0.90	< 0.01	0.13
Clinical mastitis (% of cows)	19.8	24.3	22.1	10.0	9.6	34.6	8.1	0.89	< 0.01	0.96
Clinical mastitis (n cases/ affected cow)	1.3	1.5	1.4	0.2	1.1	1.7	0.2	0.66	< 0.01	0.95
Clinical mastitis (n, per lactation)	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.1	0.8	0.6	0.44	< 0.01	0.71

 $^{^{1}}VWP = voluntary waiting period; Par = parity class (Parity = 1 and parity <math>\geq 2$); $VWP \times Par = interaction of VWP with parity.$

2

²Somatic cell count (×10³ cells/mL) is shown and analyzed as the natural logarithm of SCC.

Table S2. Dry-off antibiotic use and mastitis occurrence per cow per year of cows with a voluntary waiting period after calving until the first insemination of
50, 125, or 200 days (VWP-50, VWP-125, or VWP-200).

	Primiparous				Multiparous		P-value			
	VWP50	VWP125	VWP200	VWP50	VWP125	VWP200	VWP	Par	VWP×Par	
Cows, n	13	14	8	34	27	29				
Dry-off antibiotic use (%) ¹	15 (2/13)	0 (0/14)	13 (1/8)	68 (23/34)	56 (15/27)	52 (15/29)	0.17	< 0.01	0.24	
Dry-off antibiotic use per cow per year ²	0.15	0	0.09	0.65ª	0.45 ^{ab}	0.37 ^b	0.01	<0.01	<0.01	
Cows, n	14	15	12	40	34	39				
Mastitis (%) ³	7 (1/14)	7 (1/15)	0 (0/12)	31 (14/40)	29 (10/26)	31 (12/39)	0.89	< 0.01	0.96	
Mastitis per cow per year ²	0.08	0.06	0	0.52	0.60	0.44	0.75	< 0.01	0.12	

^{9 &}lt;sup>1</sup>P-values for % of cases are derived from the GLIMMIX model and repeated from table 3

11

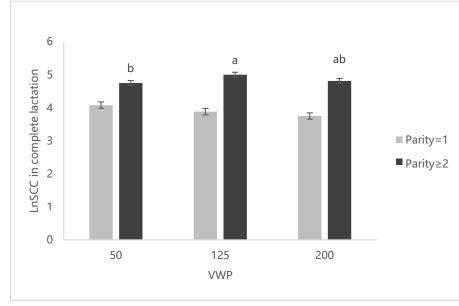
²P-values for incidence of dry-off antibiotics and mastitis per year are based on three independent non-parametric comparisons, of parity class, treatment

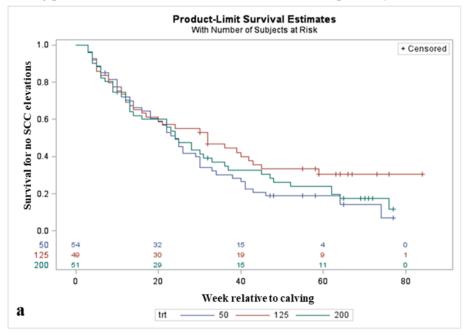
group, and the 6 parity*treatment groups. Letters indicate the difference between treatment groups of the same parity based on Wilcoxon multiple

comparisons after the Kruskal-Wallis test.

³P-values for % of cases are derived from the GLIMMIX model and repeated from table 2

Figure S1. Somatic cell count (SCC; expressed as the natural logarithm of SCC) in cows with a 50 d, 125 d, and 200 d voluntary waiting period (VWP) and different parity class (parity=1; parity ≥2) in first complete lactation. Values represent LSMEANS±SEM.





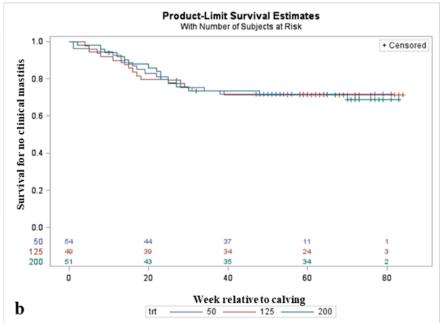


Figure S3. Development of somatic cell count (SCC; expressed as the natural logarithm of SCC) in cows with a 50 d, 125 d, and 200 d voluntary waiting period (VWP-50, VWP-125, and VWP-200, respectively) in the first 6 weeks in subsequent lactation (b). Values represent LSMEANS±SEM.

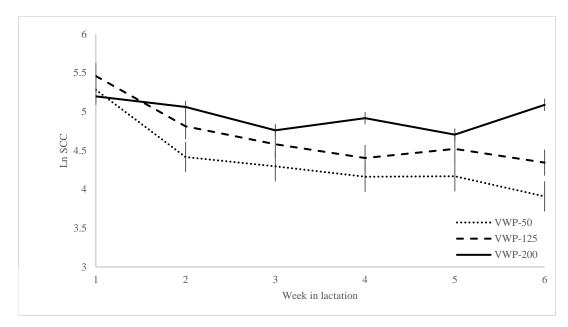


Figure S4: Mastitis incidence per cow per month and number of cows in lactation.

