

Appendix (IA)

$$O(1) : \frac{\partial^4 \Omega_0}{\partial \eta^4} + 2\nu(l+m\sigma) \frac{\partial \Omega_0}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial^2 \Omega_0}{\partial \eta^2} = 0$$

$$\Omega_0(\sigma, \pm 1) = \pm 1 ; \quad \frac{\partial \Omega_0}{\partial \eta}(\sigma, \pm 1) = 0$$

$$O(\varepsilon^{\frac{1}{2}}) : \frac{\partial^4 \Omega_1}{\partial \eta^4} + 2\nu(l+m\sigma) \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(\frac{\partial \Omega_0}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial \Omega_1}{\partial \eta} \right) = \nu \left(\frac{\partial \Omega_0}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial^3 \Omega_0}{\partial \sigma \partial \eta^2} - \frac{\partial \Omega_0}{\partial \sigma} \frac{\partial^3 \Omega_0}{\partial \eta^3} \right)$$

$$\Omega_1(\sigma, \pm 1) = 0 ; \quad \frac{\partial \Omega_1}{\partial \eta}(\sigma, \pm 1) = 0$$

$$O(\varepsilon) : \frac{\partial^4 \Omega_2}{\partial \eta^4} + 2\nu(l+m\sigma) \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(\frac{\partial \Omega_0}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial \Omega_2}{\partial \eta} \right) = \nu \left\{ \frac{\partial \Omega_0}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial^3 \Omega_1}{\partial \sigma \partial \eta^2} + \frac{\partial \Omega_1}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial^3 \Omega_0}{\partial \sigma \partial \eta^2} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{\partial \Omega_0}{\partial \sigma} \frac{\partial^3 \Omega_1}{\partial \eta^3} - \frac{\partial \Omega_1}{\partial \sigma} \frac{\partial^3 \Omega_0}{\partial \eta^3} \right.$$

$$\left. - 2(l+m\sigma) \frac{\partial \Omega_1}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial^2 \Omega_1}{\partial \eta^2} \right\}$$

$$- 4(l+m\sigma)^2 \frac{\partial^2 \Omega_0}{\partial \eta^2}$$

$$\Omega_2(\sigma, \pm 1) = 0 ; \quad \frac{\partial \Omega_2}{\partial \eta}(\sigma, \pm 1) = 0$$

Appendix (1B)

The boundary conditions for each function is given by (23a) in the paper

$$G_1 : \frac{d^4 G_1}{d\eta^4} + 2\nu l \frac{d}{d\eta} \left(\frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{dG_1}{d\eta} \right) = -2\nu m \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_0}{d\eta^2}$$

$$G_2 : \frac{d^4 G_2}{d\eta^4} + 2\nu l \frac{d}{d\eta} \left(\frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{dG_2}{d\eta} \right) = -2\nu l \frac{dG_1}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_1}{d\eta^2} - 2\nu m \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_1}{d\eta^2} - 2\nu m \frac{dG_1}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_0}{d\eta^2}$$

$$F_0 : \frac{d^4 F_0}{d\eta^4} + 2\nu l \frac{d}{d\eta} \left(\frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{dF_0}{d\eta} \right) = \nu \left(\frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_1}{d\eta^2} - G_1 \frac{d^3 G_0}{d\eta^3} \right)$$

$$F_1 : \frac{d^4 F_1}{d\eta^4} + 2\nu l \frac{d}{d\eta} \left(\frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{dF_1}{d\eta} \right) = \nu \left\{ \frac{2 dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_2}{d\eta^2} + \frac{dG_1}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_1}{d\eta^2} - G_1 \frac{d^3 G_1}{d\eta^3} - 2G_2 \frac{d^3 G_0}{d\eta^3} - 2l \frac{dF_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_1}{d\eta^2} - 2l \frac{dG_1}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 F_0}{d\eta^2} - 2m \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 F_0}{d\eta^2} - 2m \frac{dF_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_0}{d\eta^2} \right\}$$

$$H_0 : \frac{d^4 H_0}{d\eta^4} + 2\nu l \frac{d}{d\eta} \left(\frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{dH_0}{d\eta} \right) = \nu \left\{ \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 F_1}{d\eta^2} + \frac{dF_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_1}{d\eta^2} - G_1 \frac{d^3 F_0}{d\eta^3} - F_1 \frac{d^3 G_0}{d\eta^3} - 2l \frac{dF_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 F_0}{d\eta^2} - 4L^2 \frac{d^2 G_0}{d\eta^2} \right\}$$

Appendix (2A)

$$L_1 \equiv -\frac{4ik}{R} (D_1^2 - k^2) + 2k\beta_I + \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} (D_1^2 - 3k^2) - \frac{d^3G_0}{d\eta^3}$$

$$L_2 \equiv \frac{-2i}{R} (D_1^2 - 3k^2) + \beta_I - 3k \frac{dG_0}{d\eta}$$

$$L_3 \equiv \frac{4ikl}{R} (D_1^2 - k^2) - \left(2l \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} + \beta_I \text{im} \sigma_1^2 \right) (D_1^2 - k^2) - 2l \frac{d^2G_0}{d\eta^2} D_1$$

$$L_4 \equiv ik \left(\frac{dF_0}{d\eta} + \sigma_1 \frac{dG_1}{d\eta} \right) (D_1^2 - k^2) - ik \left(\frac{d^3F_0}{d\eta^3} + \sigma_1 \frac{d^3G_1}{d\eta^3} \right)$$

$H(\sigma_1)$ in (36) is given by

$$H(\sigma_1) = (C_2 + C_3 + C_4 + C_5) / C_1$$

$$C_1(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \bar{f}_0 L_1 f_0 d\eta$$

$$C_2(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 L_1 \frac{\partial f_0}{\partial \eta} d\eta$$

$$C_3(\sigma_1) = \frac{dk}{d\sigma_1} \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 L_2 f_0 d\eta$$

$$C_4(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 L_3 f_0 d\eta$$

$$C_5(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 L_4 f_0 d\eta$$

Appendix (2B)

$$M_1 \equiv \frac{4L}{R} (D_1^2 - 3k^2) - \left(4ikl \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} - 2\beta_I k m \sigma_1^2 \right)$$

$$M_2 \equiv \left(\frac{dF_0}{d\eta} + \sigma_1 \frac{dG_1}{d\eta} \right) (D_1^2 - 3k^2) - \left(\frac{d^3 F_0}{d\eta^3} + \sigma_1 \frac{d^3 G_1}{d\eta^3} \right)$$

$$M_3 \equiv -\frac{12kl}{R} - i \left(2L \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} + i \beta_I m \sigma_1^2 \right)$$

$$M_4 \equiv -3k \left(\frac{dF_0}{d\eta} + \sigma_1 \frac{dG_1}{d\eta} \right)$$

$$M_5 \equiv \frac{12k}{R} + 3i \frac{dG_0}{d\eta}$$

$$M_6 \equiv -\frac{4L^2}{R} (D_1^2 - k^2) + \left(\frac{4m\sigma_1 ik}{R} - 2m\sigma_1 \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} - \frac{i\beta_I m^2 \sigma_1^4}{2} \right) (D_1^2 - k^2) - 2m\sigma_1 \frac{d^2 G_0}{d\eta^2} D_1$$

$$M_7 \equiv - \left\{ 2L \left(\frac{dF_0}{d\eta} + \sigma_1 \frac{dG_1}{d\eta} \right) + G_1 D_1 \right\} (D_1^2 - k^2) + \left\{ \frac{d^2 G_1}{d\eta^2} - 2L \left(\frac{d^2 F_0}{d\eta^2} + \sigma_1 \frac{d^2 G_0}{d\eta^2} \right) \right\} D_1$$

$$M_8 \equiv ik \left(\frac{dH_0}{d\eta} + \sigma_1 \frac{dF_1}{d\eta} + \sigma_1^2 \frac{dG_2}{d\eta} \right) (D_1^2 - k^2) - ik \left(\frac{d^3 H_0}{d\eta^3} + \sigma_1 \frac{d^3 F_1}{d\eta^3} + \sigma_1^2 \frac{d^3 G_2}{d\eta^3} \right)$$

The function $\mathcal{Y}(\sigma_1)$ in (40) is given by

$$\mathcal{Y}(\sigma_1) = \frac{id^2 A_0}{d\sigma_1^2} C_{25} - \frac{dA_0}{d\sigma_1} (C_{10} + C_{11} + C_{16} - 2iC_{24}) - A_0 \left[\sum_{r=12}^{32} C_r - i23 \right] - (C_6 + C_7 + C_8 + C_9) / C_1$$

where C_1 is the same as that given in Appendix (2A) and

$$C_6(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 L_1 \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial \sigma_1} d\eta$$

$$C_{17}(\sigma_1) = \frac{dk}{d\sigma_1} \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 M_5 \frac{\partial f_0}{\partial \sigma_1} d\eta$$

$$C_7(\sigma_1) = \frac{dk}{d\sigma_1} \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 L_2 f_1 d\eta$$

$$C_{18}(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 M_6 f_0 d\eta$$

$$C_8(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 L_3 f_1 d\eta$$

$$C_{19}(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 M_7 f_0 d\eta$$

$$C_9(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 L_4 f_1 d\eta$$

$$C_{20}(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 M_8 f_0 d\eta$$

$$C_{10}(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 M_1 f_1 d\eta$$

$$C_{21}(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 \left[\frac{d^2 k}{d\sigma_1^2} \left(\frac{4k + idG_0}{R} \frac{d}{d\eta} \right) \right] f_0 d\eta$$

$$C_{11}(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 M_2 f_0 d\eta$$

$$C_{22}(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 \frac{3}{R} \left(\frac{dk}{d\sigma_1} \right)^2 f_0 d\eta$$

$$C_{12}(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 M_1 \frac{\partial f_0}{\partial \sigma_1} d\eta$$

$$C_{23}(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 L_2 \frac{\partial^2 f_0}{\partial \sigma_1^2} d\eta$$

$$C_{13}(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 M_2 \frac{\partial f_0}{\partial \sigma_1} d\eta$$

$$C_{24}(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 L_2 \frac{\partial f_0}{\partial \sigma_1} d\eta$$

$$C_{14}(\sigma_1) = \frac{dk}{d\sigma_1} \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 M_3 f_0 d\eta$$

$$C_{25}(\sigma_1) = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 L_2 f_0 d\eta$$

$$C_{15}(\sigma_1) = \frac{dk}{d\sigma_1} \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 M_4 f_0 d\eta$$

$$C_{16}(\sigma_1) = \frac{dk}{d\sigma_1} \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{f}_0 M_5 f_0 d\eta$$

Appendix (3A)

The boundary conditions for the following functions are the same as before.

$$G_0 : \frac{d^4 G_0}{d\eta^4} + 2\nu m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_0}{d\eta^2} = 0$$

$$G_1 : \frac{d^4 G_1}{d\eta^4} + 2\nu m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \frac{d}{d\eta} \left(\frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{dG_1}{d\eta} \right) = 4\nu m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \operatorname{Tanh} \sigma_0 \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_0}{d\eta^2}$$

$$G_2 : \frac{d^4 G_2}{d\eta^4} + 2\nu m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \frac{d}{d\eta} \left(\frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{dG_2}{d\eta} \right) = -2\nu m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \frac{dG_1}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_1}{d\eta^2} \\ + 4\nu m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \operatorname{Tanh} \sigma_0 \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_1}{d\eta^2} \\ + 4\nu m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \operatorname{Tanh} \sigma_0 \frac{dG_1}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_0}{d\eta^2} \\ - 2\nu m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 (3 \operatorname{Tanh}^2 \sigma_0 - 1) \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_0}{d\eta^2}$$

$$F_0 : \frac{d^4 F_0}{d\eta^4} + 2\nu m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \frac{d}{d\eta} \left(\frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{dF_0}{d\eta} \right) = \nu \left(\frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_1}{d\eta^2} - G_1 \frac{d^3 G_0}{d\eta^3} \right)$$

$$F_1 : \frac{d^4 F_1}{d\eta^4} + 2\nu m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \frac{d}{d\eta} \left(\frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{dF_1}{d\eta} \right) = \nu \left\{ \frac{2dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_2}{d\eta^2} + \frac{dG_1}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_1}{d\eta^2} - G_1 \frac{d^3 G_1}{d\eta^3} \right. \\ \left. - 2G_2 \frac{d^3 G_0}{d\eta^3} - 2m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \frac{dF_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_1}{d\eta^2} \right. \\ \left. - 2m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \frac{dG_1}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 F_0}{d\eta^2} + 4m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \operatorname{Tanh} \sigma_0 \left(\frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 F_0}{d\eta^2} + \frac{dF_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_0}{d\eta^2} \right) \right\}$$

$$H_0 : \frac{d^4 H_0}{d\eta^4} + 2\nu m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \frac{d}{d\eta} \left(\frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{dH_0}{d\eta} \right) = \nu \left\{ \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 F_1}{d\eta^2} + \frac{dF_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 G_1}{d\eta^2} - G_1 \frac{d^3 F_0}{d\eta^3} - F_1 \frac{d^3 G_0}{d\eta^3} \right. \\ \left. - 2m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \frac{dF_0}{d\eta} \frac{d^2 F_0}{d\eta^2} \right\} - 4m_1^2 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \frac{d^2 G_0}{d\eta^2}$$

Appendix 3B

The equations for ϕ_0 , ϕ_1 , and ϕ_2 are identical in form to those given in (30), (31) and (32) respectively. The differences appear in the operators

$O(1)$: The difference is in $\beta_I = \beta \exp(2m_1 \sigma_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0)$

$O(\varepsilon^{\frac{1}{2}})$: L_1 , L_2 and L_4 are unchanged in form. The difference is in the new β_I . L_3 has become

$$L_3 \equiv m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \left[4ik(D_1^2 - k^2) - \left(\frac{2dG_0}{d\eta} - 2i\beta_I \sigma_1^2 \operatorname{tanh} \sigma_0 \right) (D_1^2 - k^2) - \frac{2d^2 G_0}{d\eta^2} D_1 \right]$$

$O(\varepsilon)$: M_2 , M_4 , M_5 and M_8 remain unchanged, they do not contain L or m . M_1 , M_3 , M_6 , M_7 become

$$M_1 \equiv \frac{4m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0}{R} (D_1^2 - 3k^2) - 4m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \left(ik \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} + \beta_I k \sigma_1 \operatorname{tanh} \sigma_0 \right)$$

$$M_3 \equiv -m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \left(\frac{12k}{R} + 2i \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} + 2\sigma_1^2 \operatorname{tanh} \sigma_0 \right) \beta_I$$

$$M_6 \equiv 4m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \left(\sigma_1 \frac{dG_0}{d\eta} \operatorname{tanh} \sigma_0 - \frac{m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0}{R} - \frac{2\sigma_1 \operatorname{tanh} \sigma_0 ik}{R} \right) (D_1^2 - k^2) - i\beta_I M_1 \left(\frac{2}{3} \sigma_1^3 (1 + 2 \operatorname{tanh}^2 \sigma_0) + 2m_1 \sigma_1^4 \operatorname{tanh} \sigma_0 \operatorname{sech}^4 \sigma_0 \right) (D_1^2 - k^2) + 4m_1 \sigma_1 \operatorname{sech} \sigma_0 \operatorname{tanh} \sigma_0 \frac{d^2 G_0}{d\eta^2} D_1$$

$$M_7 \equiv - \left(2m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \left(\frac{dF_0}{d\eta} + \sigma_1 \frac{dG_1}{d\eta} \right) + G_1 D_1 \right) (D_1^2 - k^2)$$

$$+ \left(\frac{d^2 G_1}{d\eta^2} - 2m_1 \operatorname{sech}^2 \sigma_0 \left(\frac{d^2 F_0}{d\eta^2} + \sigma_1 \frac{d^2 G_0}{d\eta^2} \right) \right) D_1$$