Using mental models in the analysis of human–wildlife conflict from a social-ecological system perspective in Namibia

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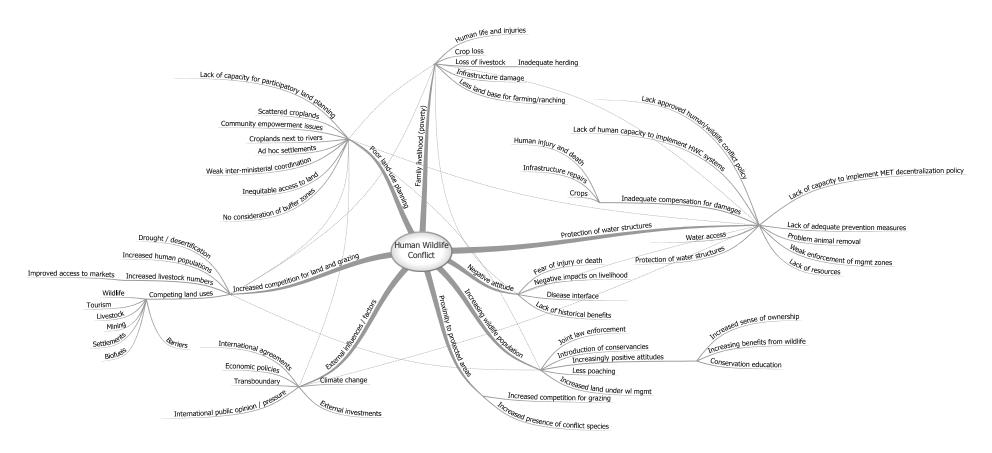


FIG. S1 Mind map of human-wildlife conflict in Namibia; Group 1.

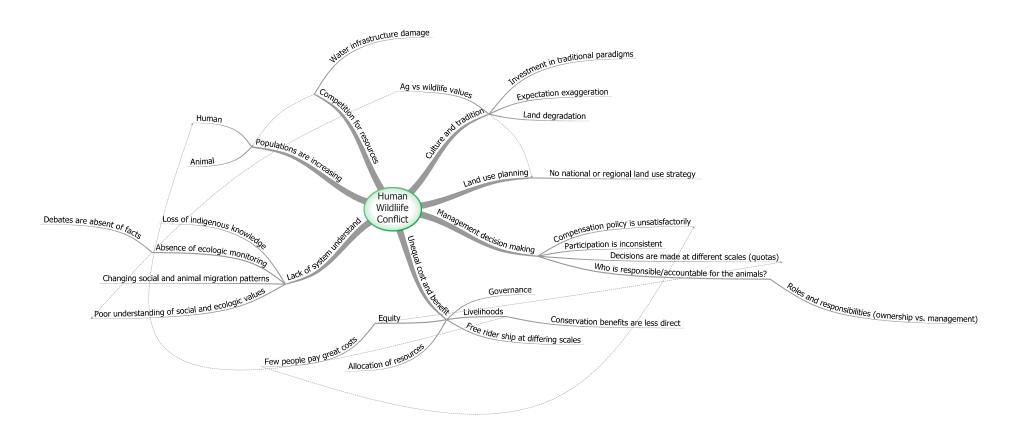


FIG. S2 Mind map of human-wildlife conflict in Namibia; Group 2.

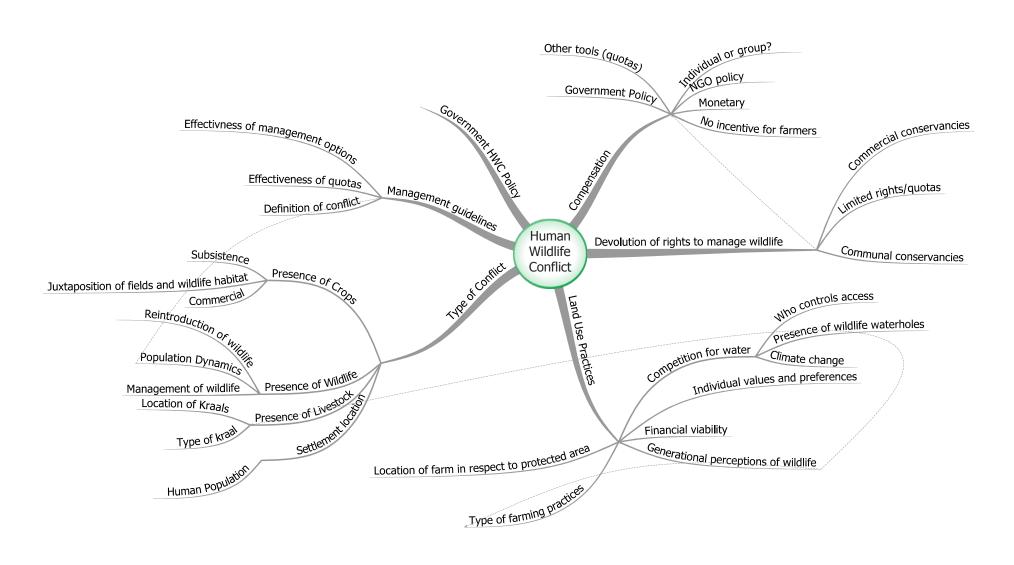


FIG. S3 Mind map of human-wildlife conflict in Namibia; Group 3.

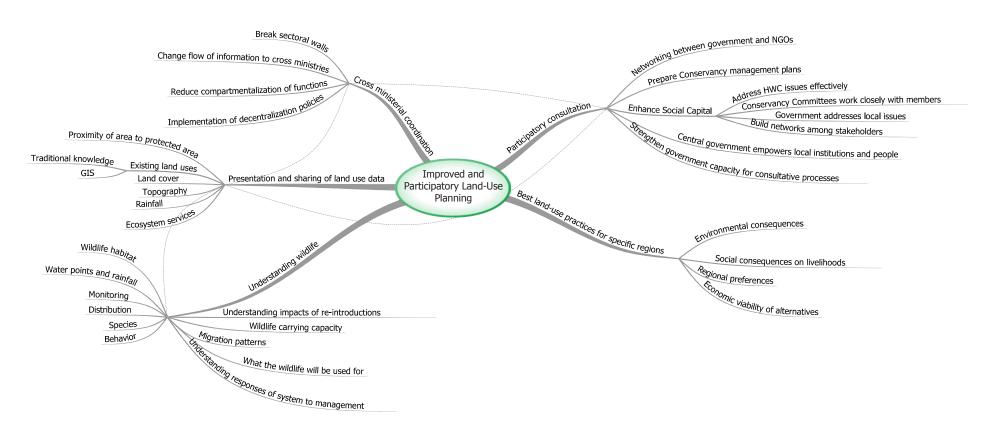


Fig. S4 Factors affecting land-use planning to reduce human-wildlife conflict. The dotted lines between the significant factors show the interconnection between them.

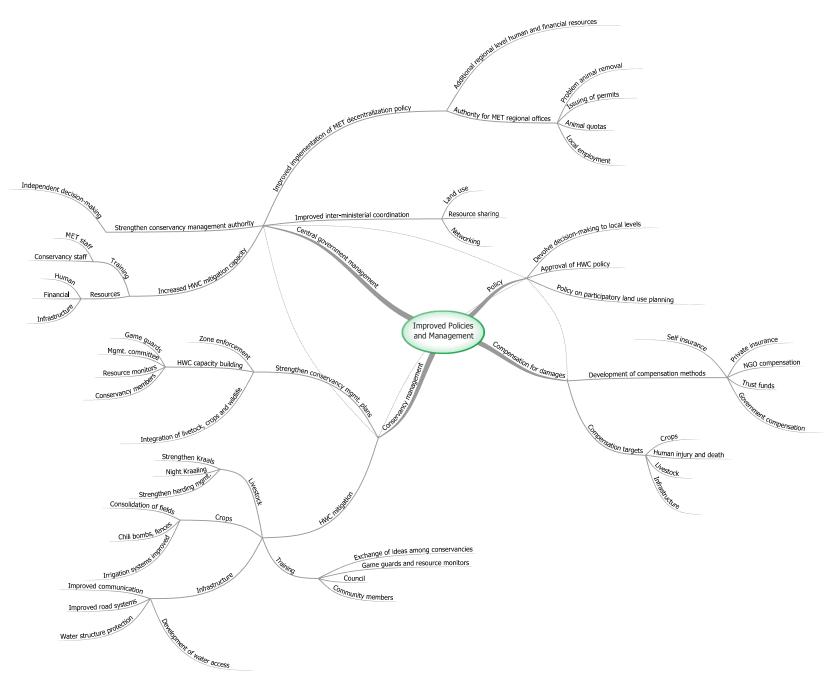


FIG. S5 Factors affecting the improvement of policies and management to reduce human—wildlife conflict. The dotted lines between the significant factors show the interconnection between them.

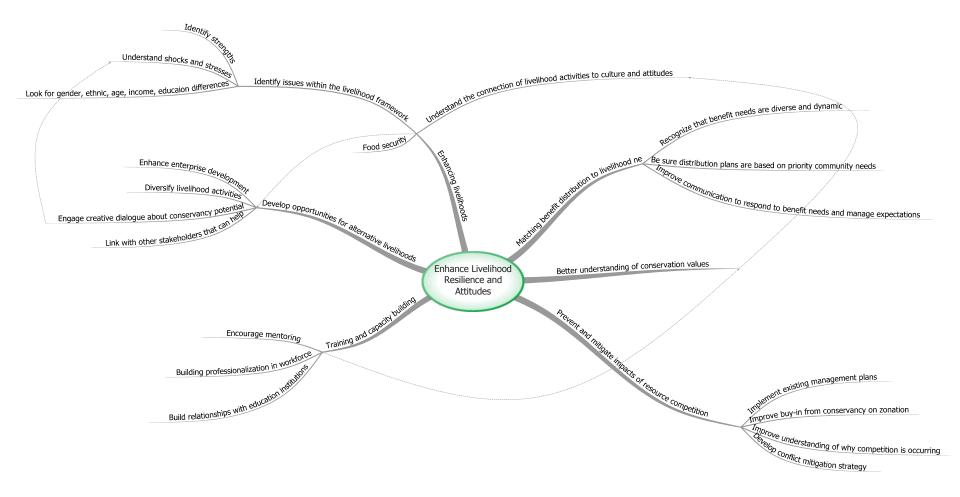


FIG. S6 Factors affecting enhanced livelihood resilience to reduce human—wildlife conflict. The dotted lines between the significant factors show the interconnection between them.