

# Examining livestock depredation and the determinants of people's attitudes towards snow leopards in the Himalayas of Nepal

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SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL 1 Questions used for household survey in Nyesyang valley during February to March 2018.

Form no: .... Surveyor's Name: ..... Date: .....

## 1 Respondent's Characteristics:

Name: ..... Age..... Gender ..... Family size ..... Education .....

Address ..... Occupation .....

## 2. Livestock Holding

Type of Livestock .....

Number of Livestock .....

Number of Livestock with Insurance .....

3. If Snow Leopard have depredated your livestock in the last two years, please recall the following information

Year of Depredation: .....

Place of Depredation: Homeshed /Corrals of the pasture land/ Corrals outside the pasture land

Type and age of Depredated Livestock: .....

Time of Depredation (Morning/Day/Night): .....

4. In which season does Snow leopard kills more livestock?

a. Summer                      b. Winter                      c. Spring                      d. Autumn

5. At what time of the day does Snow Leopard kills more livestock?

a. Morning                      b. Day                      c. Evening                      d. Night

6. Why do you think the Snow Leopard kills the livestock?

a. Lack of natural prey    b. Livestock being easier to kill    c. Unsupervised grazing    d. Increase in Snow leopard numbers    e. Don't know

7. What should be done to reduce livestock depredation by Snow Leopard?

a. Adequate and fast compensation    b. Guarding of livestock    c. Avoid grazing in depredation risk area    d. ~~Eliminate Snow Leopard~~    e. Not Sure

8. Have you heard about Snow leopard or any other wildlife being killed, poisoned or trapped by someone in your region?    a. Yes                      b. No



9. Have you got any compensation for the livestock depredation by Snow Leopard? If yes, how much money have you received? Who gave you the compensation?

a. Yes Amount: ..... Compensation Provider..... b. No

10. Questions for examining attitude towards snow leopard

a. Would you like to see snow leopards in the rangelands of Nyesyang?

i. Yes            ii. Unsure            iii. No

b. Should snow leopards be protected inside or outside of Nyeshang?

i. Both            ii. Inside            iii. Outside            iv. Don't know

v. Nowhere

c. If snow leopards were to be conserved in Nyesyang, would you support it?

i. Yes            ii. Unsure            iii. No

d. Should kids be taught about snow leopards at school?

i. Yes            ii. Don't know            iii. No

e. Do you think the conservation of snow leopards is beneficial for the environment of Nyesyang?

i. Yes            ii. Don't know            iii, Yes and No            iv. No

f. Where should snow leopards be protected?

i. Rangeland    ii. Everywhere    iii. Only in National parks    iv. Don't know            v. Zoo  
vi. Nowhere

g. What should be done when snow leopards kill your livestock?

i. They also need foodNothing    ii. I can bear it            iii. Can't do anything

iv. Chase it away            v, Kill it

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 1 Top 10 model set of all sub-models derived using the dredge function. The top three model set of ordered logistic regression models were used in model-averaging to examine influence of socio-demographic factors on respondent attitudes towards snow leopards in Manang district Nepal during February-March 2018:

	<b>Model</b>	<b>K</b>	<b>AICc</b>	<b>Delta AICc</b>	<b>AICc weight</b>	<b>log-Likelihood</b>
1	GEN + EDU+ OCC + LBL + SBL +TLL	8	174.3	0.00	0.317	-78.38
2	GEN + EDU + OCC + LBL +TLL	7	175.3	1.25	0.170	-80.18
3	AGE + GEN + EDU + OCC + LBL + SBL +TLL	9	175.9	1.65	0.139	-78.01
4	EDU + LBL + OCC + GEN	6	176.7	2.42	0.094	-81.92
5	AGE + EDU + LBL + OCC + GEN + TLL	8	177.0	2.77	0.080	-79.76
6	EDU + LBL + OCC + SBL + GEN	7	177.6	3.36	0.059	-81.23
7	AGE + EDU + LBL + OCC + GEN	7	177.9	3.67	0.051	-81.39
8	EDU + OCC + SBL + GEN + TLL	7	178.5	4.27	0.038	-81.67
9	AGE + EDU + LBL + OCC + SBL + GEN	8	179.0	4.73	0.030	-80.75
10	EDU + OCC + GEN + TLL	6	179.6	5.29	0.022	-83.352

Note:

1. GEN, Man; OCC, Occupation-Non-agropastoralists; EDU, Education level - Literate; LBL, Large-bodied livestock stocking size; TLL, Total livestock loss; SBL, Small-bodied livestock stocking size; AGE, Age of respondent.

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE 2 The average number of livestock per household and total livestock loss in the Nyesyang Valley, Manang, Nepal

Village	Goat	Sheep	Yak	Jhopa	Horse	Cow	Total	Total livestock loss (2016-17)	Total livestock loss (2017-18)
Braka (9)	22.78	0.00	11.11	0	2.44	3.78	40.11	9	7
Ghyaru (16)	5.63	2.50	5.13	0	1.69	2.50	17.44	11	13
Khangsar (20)	0.00	0.00	9.65	.10	1.70	3.45	14.90	45	3
Manang (21)	27.95	1.71	28.05	0.00	2.52	1.57	61.81	36	39
Ngawal (11)	12.73	13.82	8.45	0.00	1.27	3.73	40.00	14	51
Pisang (8)	59.63	0.00	15.38	0.00	1.38	1.88	78.25	15	12
Tanki Manang (19)	2.37	0.00	13.74	0.00	1.26	1.79	19.16	15	9
Combined Average (104)	14.85	2.19	13.86	.02	1.78	2.56	35.25	145	134

Note: Number of households surveyed are shown in parenthesis