

Supplementary data



Fig. S1. Maximum likelihood tree of the SSU rDNA of *Msp1* (*Anostracospora rigaudi*) and *Msp2* (*Enterocytospora artemiae*) along with related microsporidian species infecting crustacean and non-crustacean hosts (excluding the following short sequences: *Hepatospora* spp., *Enterospora canceri*, *Enterocytozoon hepatopenaei* and *Myospora metanephrops*, final length ~720bp). Names of species infecting the digestive tract epithelium appear in bold. The host species of undescribed microsporidia appear between parentheses. Numbers above branches indicate bootstrap supports from 100 resamplings (only values above 80 are reported). Bootstrap support for the node showing *Msp2* as a sister species to Group 2 was very low (45%).

Table S1. List of microsporidian sequences used for the SSU rDNA phylogenetic analyses.

Organism	GenBank Acc. Number
<i>Crispospora chironomi</i>	GU130407
<i>Cystosporogenes legeri</i>	AY233131
<i>Cystosporogenes operophterae</i>	AJ302320
<i>Desmozoon lepeophtherii</i>	HM800847
<i>Encephalitozoon cuniculi</i>	L39107
<i>Encephalitozoon hellem</i>	L39108
<i>Encephalitozoon intestinalis</i>	L39113
<i>Encephalitozoon lacertae</i>	AF067144
<i>Endoreticulatus schubergi</i>	L39109
<i>Endoreticulatus bombycis</i>	AY009115
<i>Endoreticulatus sp. Bulgaria</i>	AY502945
<i>Endoreticulatus sp. Taiwan</i>	AY502944
<i>Endoreticulatus sp. Zhenjiang</i>	FJ772431
<i>Enterocytozoon bieneusi</i>	L07123
<i>Enterocytozoon hepatopenaei</i>	FJ496356
<i>Enterospora canceri</i>	HE584634
<i>Facilispora margolis</i>	HM800849
<i>Glugoides intestinalis</i>	AF394525
<i>Hepatospora eriocheir</i>	HE584635
<i>Hepatospora sp. (Cancer Pagarus)</i>	HE584633
<i>Liebermannia covasacrae</i>	EU709818
<i>Liebermannia dichroplusae</i>	EF016249
<i>Microsporidium sp. (Daphnia pulex)</i>	AF394528
<i>Microsporidium sp. 1 France1</i>	JX915758
<i>Microsporidium sp. 1 France2</i>	JX915759
<i>Microsporidium sp. 2 France</i>	JX915760
<i>Microsporidium sp. 2 Israel1</i>	JX915756
<i>Microsporidium sp. 2 Israel2</i>	JX915757
<i>Microsporidium sp. 2 USA</i>	JX839889
<i>Microsporidium sp. 3 (Artemia franciscana)</i>	JX839890
<i>Mrazekia macrocyclops</i>	FJ914315
<i>Myospora metanephrops</i>	HM140497
<i>Nosema apis</i>	X73894
<i>Nosema granulosis</i>	FN434088
<i>Nucleospora sp. (Parophrys vetulus)</i>	AF186007
<i>Nucleospora salmonis</i>	U78176
<i>Ordospora colligata</i>	AF394529
<i>Orthosomella operophterae</i>	AJ302317
<i>Paranucleospora theridion</i>	FJ594990
<i>Pleistophora sp. (Agrotis exclamationis)</i>	U10342
<i>Pleistophora sp. (Spodoptera depravata)</i>	D85500
<i>Thelohania parastaci</i>	AF294781
<i>Vavraia culicis</i>	AJ252961
<i>Vavraia oncoperae</i>	X74112
<i>Vittaforma corneae</i>	L39112

Table S2. Mean genetic distances between *Msp1*, *Endoreticulatus* spp., *Cystosporogenes* spp., the remaining species from Group 1 (“Others in Group 1”) and *Msp2*.

	<i>Msp1</i>	<i>Endoreticulatus</i>	<i>Cystosporogenes</i>	Others in Group1
<i>Msp1</i>				
<i>Endoreticulatus</i>	0.035			
<i>Cystosporogenes</i>	0.066	0.048		
Others in Group1	0.060	0.047	0.060	
<i>Msp2</i>	0.134	0.103	0.143	0.125

Table S3. Mean genetic distances between *Msp2* and all major clades from the phylogeny in Fig. S1.

	<i>Group1</i>	<i>Msp2</i>	<i>Group2</i>	<i>Group3</i>	<i>Encephalitozoon/ Ordospora</i>	<i>Nosema</i>
<i>Group1</i>						
<i>Msp2</i>		0.117				
<i>Group2</i>		0.225	0.163			
<i>Group3</i>		0.185	0.145	0.219		
<i>Encephalitozoon/ Ordospora</i>		0.248	0.190	0.284	0.237	
<i>Nosema</i>		0.328	0.303	0.399	0.378	0.329
<i>Vavraia</i>		0.418	0.392	0.439	0.402	0.414
						0.505

Table S4. Comparison of the different gut microsporidia related to *Msp1* (*Anacostracospora rigaudi*) and *Msp2* (*Enterocytospora artemiae*)

Microsporidian species	Host	Distribution	Site of infection	Parasitophorous vacuole	Meront nuclei
<i>Anacostracospora rigaudi</i>	Anostraca: Artemia	Southern France, Ukraine	Intestinal epithelium	Appears during sporogony	Monokaryotic
<i>Enterocytospora artemiae</i>	Anostraca: Artemia	Southern France, Israel, USA	Intestinal epithelium	Appears during merogony	Monokaryotic
<i>Ordospora duforti</i>	Anostraca: Artemia	Spain	Intestinal epithelium	Appears during merogony	Monokaryotic
<i>Vavria anostraca</i>	Anostraca: Artemia	Brazil	Intestinal epithelium, muscle	Appears during sporogony	Monokaryotic
<i>Glugoides intestinalis</i>	Cladocera: Daphnia	Europe	Intestinal epithelium	Appears during merogony	Monokaryotic
<i>Cystosporogenes operophterae</i>	Lepidoptera: Operophtera	UK	Salivary glands, intestinal epithelium	Appears during merogony	Monokaryotic
<i>Endoreticulatus schubergi</i>	Lepidoptera: Choristoneura	USA	Intestinal epithelium	Appears during merogony	Monokaryotic
<i>Crispospora chironomi</i>	Diptera: Chironoma	Russia	Intestinal epithelium	Appears during merogony	Diplokaryotic
<i>Orthosomella operophterae</i>	Lepidoptera: Operophtera	UK, USA	Silk gland, intestinal epithelium and other tissues	None	Monokaryotic
<i>Desmozoon lepeophtherii</i>	Copepod: Lepeophtheirus	UK	Desmocyte	None	Diplokaryotic
<i>Enterocytozoon bieneusi</i>	Primates: Homo	worldwide	Intestinal epithelium	None	Unikaryotic
<i>Enterocytozoon hepatopenaei</i>	Decapoda: Penaeus	Thailand	Hepatopancreas epithelium	None	unknown
<i>Enterospora canceri</i>	Decapoda: Cancer	UK	Hepatopancreatocytes nucleoplasm	Appears during merogony	unknown
<i>Hepatospora eriocheir</i>	Decapoda: Eriocheir	UK, China	Hepatopancreas epithelium	Appears during merogony	Monokaryotic
<i>Liebermannia covasacrae</i>	Orthoptera: Covasacris	Argentina	Salivary gland	Appears during merogony	Diplokaryotic

Table S4. (continued)

Microsporidian species	Merogonial division	Sporont nuclei	Sporogonial division	Number of sporoblasts/spores	Spore shape
<i>Anacostracospora rigaudi</i>	unknown	Monokaryotic	Plasmotomy	32-64*	Oval
<i>Enterocytospora artemiae</i>	Binary fission	Monokaryotic	Plasmotomy	64-128*	Sub-spherical
<i>Ordospora duforti</i>	Plasmotomy from rosette	Monokaryotic	Plasmotomy	4 and 8	pyriform
<i>Vavria anostraca</i>	Plasmotomy	Monokaryotic	Plasmotomy	unknown	Oval
<i>Glugoides intestinalis</i>	Plasmotomy	Monokaryotic	Plasmotomy	16	Oblong to lightly reniform
<i>Cystosporogenes operophterae</i>	Binary fission	Monokaryotic	Plasmotomy	>128	Oval
<i>Endoreticulatus schubergi</i>	binary/multiple division	Monokaryotic	Plasmotomy	32	Oval
<i>Crispospora chironomi</i>	Plasmotomy by rosette	Monokaryotic	Plasmotomy	unknown	1/ sub-spherical; 2/oval
<i>Orthosomella operophterae</i>	Plasmotomy	Monokaryotic	Plasmotomy from sausage-shaped sporogonal plasmodium	12	Oblong to lightly reniform
<i>Desmozoon lepeophtherii</i>	Binary fission followed by plasmotomy	Monokaryotic	Plasmotomy	unknown	sub-spherical
<i>Enterocytozoon bieneusi</i>	Plasmotomy	Monokaryotic	Plasmotomy	unknown	sub-spherical to oval
<i>Enterocytozoon hepatopenaei</i>	unknown	Monokaryotic	Binary fission	unknown	Oval
<i>Enterospora canceri</i>	Plasmotomy	Monokaryotic	Plasmotomy	>20	Oval
<i>Hepatospora eriocheir</i>	Rosette-like division	Monokaryotic	Plasmotomy/Rosette-like division	unknown	Oval
<i>Liebermannia covasacrae</i>	Binary fission	Monokaryotic	Binary fission	unknown	Ovocylindrical

* Estimation from repeated observations of parasitophorous vacuoles on semi-thin sections.

Table S4. (continued)

Microsporidian species	Spore size (μm)	Spore nuclei	Spore wall thickness (nm)	Polar tube	Polar tube coils	Polar tube rows	Polar tube diameter (nm)
<i>Anacostracospora rigaudi</i>	1.3x0.7	Monokaryotic	55	Isofilar	5 to 6	1 to 2	60
<i>Enterocytospora artemiae</i>	1.2x0.9	Monokaryotic	80	Isofilar	4	1	100
<i>Ordospora duforti</i>	1.70x0.98	Monokaryotic	140-150	Isofilar	8 to 11	2	97
<i>Vavria anostraca</i>	mi:2.8-3.5x 1.5-2.0; ma: 3.5-5.0x2.0-3.0**	Monokaryotic	94x97	Anisofilar	mi: 11-12; ma: 15-18**	mi: 1; ma:2**	mi: 70-90; ma: 92-120
<i>Glugoides intestinalis</i>	2.4-2.7x1.1-1.7	Monokaryotic	80-85	Isofilar	5 to 8	1	77-85
<i>Cystosporogenes operophterae</i>	2.7x1.6	Monokaryotic	125	Isofilar	10 to 12	1	120
<i>Endoreticulatus schubergi</i>	2.5x1.5	Monokaryotic	50	Isofilar	7 to 9	1	100
<i>Crispospora chironomi</i>	1/ 1.5-2; 2/2.5x1.5	1/ monokaryotic; 2/diplokaryotic	60	Isofilar	4	1	85
<i>Orthosomella operophterae</i>	3.5x1.3	Monokaryotic	50	Isofilar	6 to 7	1	75
<i>Desmozoon lepeophtherii</i>	2.34x1.83	Monokaryotic	75	Isofilar	5 to 8	2	65-85
<i>Enterocytozoon bieneusi</i>	1.5x0.8	Monokaryotic	30-35	Isofilar	4 to 7	1	75
<i>Enterocytozoon hepatopenaei</i>	1.1x0.7	Monokaryotic	55	Isofilar	5 to 6	2	666
<i>Enterospora canceri</i>	1.3x0.7	Monokaryotic	32	Isofilar	4 to 5	2	85
<i>Hepatospora eriocheir</i>	1.8x0.9	Monokaryotic	55	Isofilar	7 to 8	1	120
<i>Liebermannia covasacrae</i>	2.2-3.4x1.1-1.7	Monokaryotic	120	Isofilar	3 to 5	1	120

** mi: microspore, ma: macrospore