Table S2. Final logistic regression model for a calf testing *Cryptosporidium* spp.-positive, estimated using data of 407 calves ≤2 months of age from Estonia, with ‘farm’ as random factor.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Variable | *N* | Odds ratio | 95% confidence interval | P value | Wald-test P value |
| Cattle manure spread on fields during seasons other than spring | 51 | 1·0 |  |  |  |
| Cattle manure spread on fields during spring | 356 | 10·1 | 1·18–86·27 | 0·035 |  |
| No mortality in calves with severe diarrhoea that received veterinary treatment | 106 | 1·0 |  |  |  |
| Mortality in calves with severe diarrhoea that received veterinary treatment | 301 | 6·2 | 2·46–15·66 | 0·000 |  |
| Calf age ≤7 days | 87 | 1·0 |  |  | <0·001 |
| Calf age 8 to 14 days | 107 | 10·1 | 4·53–22·36 | 0·000 |  |
| Calf age >14 days | 78 | 0·9 | 0·42–2·09 | 0·863 |  |