

Duarte & Giraud. 2016. "The Place of the History of Economic Thought in Mainstream Economics, 1991-2011, Viewed Through a Bibliographic Survey." *Journal of the History of Economic Thought* 38(4): 431-462.

doi:10.1017/S1053837216000481

Supplementary Material

Appendix B:

HET papers published in the *Journal of Economic Literature* (1991-2011)

AUTHOR	Title	Year	vol	nbr	Pages	Subject	Argument	Methods	
Caldwell, Bruce J.	<i>Clarifying Popper</i>	1991	29	1	1	33	Popper	An assessment of Popper's falsificationism, situational analysis and critical rationalism and of their relevance (or lack thereof) to economics.	Close reading.
Stigler, George J.	<i>Charles Babbage (1791 + 200 = 1991)</i>	1991	29	3	1149	1152	Babbage	A depiction of Charles Babbage's contribution to economic theory.	Close reading.
Scherer, F. M.	<i>Schumpeter and Plausible Capitalism</i>	1992	30	3	1416	1433	Schumpeter	An assessment of how modern economic theory has responded to Schumpeter's views on R&D, competition and monopoly.	Survey, close reading.
Bloomfield, Arthur I.	<i>On the Centenary of Jacob Viner's Birth: A Retrospective View of the Man and His Work</i>	1992	30	4	2052	2085	Viner	A depiction of Jacob Viner's academic life and contribution to economics.	Close reading, archives, autobiography.
Christ, Carl F.	<i>The Cowles Commission's Contributions to Econometrics at Chicago, 1939</i>	1994	32	1	30	59	Econometrics	A depiction and assessment of the Cowles Commission's contribution to econometrics.	Survey.
Samuelson, Paul A.	<i>The Classical Classical Fallacy</i>	1994	32	2	620	639	Classical economics	A critical assessment of the Classical economists' assertion that technological progress will raise wages if it increases the quantity of circulating capital and lower wages if it increases the quantity of fixed capital.	Survey, close reading, mathematical restatement.
Stigler, Stephen M.	<i>Some Correspondence on Methodology between Milton Friedman and Edwin B. Wilson; November</i>	1994	32	3	1197	1203	Friedman	Transcripts of correspondences between Friedman and E.B. Wilson that shed light on the making of Friedman's 1953 Essay.	Archives (not a real paper, though).
Nelson, Richard R.	<i>Recent Evolutionary Theorizing about Economic Change</i>	1995	33	1	48	90	Evolutionary economics	A survey of the literature in the field of evolutionary economics.	Survey (not historical)
Leonard, Robert J.	<i>From Parlor Games to Social Science: Von Neumann, Morgenstern, and the Creation of Game Theory, 1928</i>	1995	33	2	730	761	Game theory	An account of Oskar Morgenstern's and John von Neumann's intellectual journeys up to their collaboration on the creation of game theory.	Close reading, archives.
Maki, Uskali	<i>Diagnosing McCloskey</i>	1995	33	3	1300	1318	Rhetoric in economics	An assessment of Donald McCloskey's views on the rhetoric of economics using analytical philosophy to reconstruct McCloskey's arguments.	Close reading, analytical philosophy (methodology, not history).
McCloskey, Deirdre N. and Ziliak, Stephen T.	<i>The Standard Error of Regressions</i>	1996	34	1	97	114	Econometrics	Most econometrics papers published in the AER in the 1980s tended to rely solely on significance tests, therefore confusing statistical and economic significances.	Statistics, close reading (methodology, not history).

Conlisk, John	<i>Why Bounded Rationality?</i>	1996	34	2	669	700	Bounded rationality	An assessment of the bounded rationality hypothesis based on a critical survey of the existing literature.	Survey, overview (not history)
Griliches, Zvi	<i>The Discovery of the Residual: A Historical Note</i>	1996	34	3	1324	1330	Growth theory	An historical account of the origins of the idea of a 'residual' factor in growth theory.	Survey, overview.
Sutton, John	<i>Gibrat's Legacy</i>	1997	35	1	40	59	Theory of the firm	A discussion of Robert Gibrat's law that the size of a firm and its growth are independent.	Survey, overview, some mathematics.
Kirzner, Israel M.	<i>Entrepreneurial Discovery and the Competitive Market Process: An Austrian Approach</i>	1997	35	1	60	85	Austrian economics	An internalist account of Austrian economics' contribution to the theory of competitive markets, viewed as a dynamic process in which entrepreneurial discovery plays a central role.	Survey, overview, some mathematics.
Whitaker, John K.	<i>Enemies or Allies? Henry George and Francis Amasa Walker One Century Later</i>	1997	35	4	1891	1915	Early American economics	An account of Francis Walker's and Henry George's academic lives and works, shedding light on the professionalization of the American economics profession.	Close reading, some context.
Caldwell, Bruce	<i>Hayek and Socialism</i>	1997	35	4	1856	1890	Austrian economics	An historical account of Hayek's critique of socialism that explains both why he was critical of market socialism but also why his framework differs from that of modern economists of information.	Close reading, context, some archives.
Hodgson, Geoffrey M.	<i>The Approach of Institutional Economics</i>	1998	36	1	166	192	Institutional economics	An account of institutional economics that aims at distinguishing old from new institutionalism and argues against previous commenters that old institutionalism did have a theoretical content.	Survey (not much historical).
Weintraub, E. Roy	<i>Archiving the History of Economics</i>	1998	36	3	1496	1501	Methodology of HET	Though archival materials have received scant attention from the economics' profession, they are very useful for both historical and teaching purposes. Therefore, economists should preserve their papers and offer them to libraries' special collections.	Methodology of HET, not really a historical paper.
Samuelson, Paul A.	<i>How Foundations Came to Be</i>	1998	36	3	1375	1386	Samuelson	A personal account of the making of Samuelson's Foundations of Economic Analysis.	Autobiographical account.
Thomson, William	<i>The Young Person's Guide to Writing Economic Theory</i>	1999	37	1	157	183	Methodology	A guide to writing publishable papers on economic theory.	Methodology, not history.
Tribe, Keith	<i>Adam Smith: Critical Theorist?</i>	1999	37	2	609	632	Adam Smith, historiography of economics	The author surveys the recent historical literature on Adam Smith, which considers him less as a founder of economics than as a critique of the commercial society of his time. He then discusses the consequences of this new 'historical' interpretation of Smith.	Survey, close reading, historiography.
Myerson, Roger B.	<i>Nash Equilibrium and the History of Economic Theory</i>	1999	37	3	1067	1082	Game theory	An account of the importance of Nash's non cooperative game theory in the history of economic thought. Nash's theory, it is argued, has been responsible for shifting the emphasis of economics from the study of the production of material goods to that of rational decision making.	Survey, overview.

Scherer, F. M.	<i>The Emigration of German-Speaking Economists after 1933</i>	2000	38	3	614	626	Migration of economists	Building on recent accounts of the migration of German-speaking economists to Anglo-saxon countries, this paper argues that a new environment significantly increased the academic productivity of these economists.	Survey, some econometrics.
Williamson, Oliver E.	<i>The New Institutional Economics: Taking Stock, Looking Ahead</i>	2000	38	3	595	613	New Institutional economics	A survey of the New Institutional Economics (NIE) literature.	Survey (not historical).
Robson, Arthur J.	<i>The Biological Basis of Economic Behavior</i>	2001	39	1	11	33	Evolutionary economics	An account of the biological foundations of economic behaviour.	Methodology (not history).
Sen, Amartya	<i>Sraffa, Wittgenstein, and Gramsci</i>	2003	41	4	1240	1255	Sraffa	Piero Sraffa's contributions to economics should not be viewed as separate from his political and philosophical conceptions. Here, the latter are discussed in relation with those of his contemporaries, Antonio Gramsci and Ludwig Wittgenstein.	Close reading.
Fudenberg, Drew	<i>Advancing beyond Advances in Behavioral Economics</i>	2006	44	3	694	711	Behavioral economics	A survey of the recent literature in behavioral economics.	Survey (not historical).
Sapir, Andre	<i>European Integration at the Crossroads: A Review Essay on the 50th Anniversary of Bela Balassa's Theory of Economic Integration</i>	2011	49	4	1200	1229	International economics	A review and assessment of Balassa's Theory of Economic Integration(1961) showing its relevance for today's European economic issues.	Review, overview (not really historical)

HET papers published in the Journal of Economic Perspectives (1991-2011)

AUTHOR	Title	Year	vol	nbr	Pages		Subject	Argument	Methods
Mirowski, Philip	<i>The When, the How and the Why of Mathematical Expression in the History of Economic Analysis</i>	1991	5	1	145	157	The Mathematization of economics	The mathematization of economics was not a natural or cumulative process but a series of inflection points, reflecting changes in the subject matter of economics.	Close reading, archives, statistics
Koppl, Roger	<i>Retrospectives: Animal Spirits</i>	1991	5	3	203	210	Animal Spirits	History and interpretation of the concept of "animal spirits", as found in Descartes and Keynes.	Close reading, readings outside of economics
Fels, Rendigs	<i>An Update on Leontief's Complaint [Academic Economics] [Theory versus Empiricism in Academic Economics: Update and Comparison].</i>	1992	6	1	201	204	Theory vs. Applied Economics	Papers published in top economics journals have more empirical relevance than Leontief 1982 asserted.	Statistics
Persky, Joseph	<i>Retrospectives: Pareto's Law</i>	1992	6	2	181	192	Pareto's law	History and interpretation of "Pareto's Law".	Close reading
Moggridge, D. E.	<i>The Source of Animal Spirits</i>	1992	6	3	207	209	Animal Spirits	Comment on Koppl: Further evidence on how Keynes borrowed Descartes's words.	Close reading
Colander, David	<i>Retrospectives: The Lost Art of Economics</i>	1992	6	3	191	198	The scope of economics	While economists often divide the field into positive and normative economics, they should also pay attention to the art of economics.	Close reading, textbooks.
Persky, Joseph	<i>Retrospectives: Consumer Sovereignty</i>	1993	7	1	183	191	Consumer sovereignty	History and interpretation of the term "consumer sovereignty".	Close reading, survey.
Bowles, Samuel Gintis, Herbert	<i>The Revenge of Homo Economicus: Contested Exchange and the Revival of Political Economy</i>	1993	7	1	83	102	New institutional economics	The recent literature in microeconomics offers a departure from the neoclassical idea that trade solves all political issues and constitutes a return to the old political economy.	Survey and overview.
Bardhan, Pranab	<i>Economics of Development and the Development of Economics</i>	1993	7	2	129	142	Development economics	An account of recent developments in the field of development economics.	Survey and overview.

Heilbroner, Robert	<i>Was Schumpeter Right after All?</i>	1993	7	3	87	96	Schumpeter, Capitalism, Ideology	Schumpeter might well have been wrong about the end of capitalism but he was right in that a vision should precede economic analysis.	Survey and overview, readings outside of economics.
Perelman, Michael	<i>Fixed Capital, Railroad Economics and the Critique of the Market</i>	1994	8	3	189	195	Institutional economics, Competition	An account of the views of the American institutionalist school on competition and cartels.	Close reading.
Persky, Joseph	<i>The Ethology of Homo Economicus</i>	1995	9	2	221	231	John Stuart Mill, Homo Economicus	An account of the relevance of John Stuart Mill's concept of homo oeconomicus for today's economics.	Close reading, survey.
Perelman, Michael	<i>Schumpeter, David Wells, and Creative Destruction</i>	1995	9	3	189	197	David Wells, Schumpeter, Creative Destruction	David Wells as a forerunner of Schumpeter's theory of creative destruction.	Close reading, survey.
Elmslie, Bruce Truitt	<i>The Convergence Debate between David Hume and Josiah Tucker</i>	1995	9	4	207	216	David Hume, Josiah Tucker, International economics	An account of the debate between David Hume and Josiah Tucker on the convergence of trading countries and its relevance for today's economic issues.	Close reading.
Sims, Christopher A.	<i>Macroeconomics and Methodology</i>	1996	10	1	105	120	Methodology of macroeconomics	Reflections on the place of economics as a science and its consequences on modern macroeconomics.	Overview and forecast.
Hartley, James E.	<i>Retrospectives: The Origins of the Representative Agent</i>	1996	10	2	169	177	Alfred Marshall	A discussion of Marshall's use of the representative agent and its relevance for modern economics.	Close reading, survey.
Persky, Joseph	<i>Retrospectives: Classical Family Values: Ending the Poor Laws as They Knew Them</i>	1997	11	1	179	189	Classical Economics, Poor Laws	An account of the Classical economist's positions toward the Poor Laws.	Survey, Close reading.
Brazelton, W. Robert	<i>Retrospectives: The Economics of Leon Hirsch Keyserling</i>	1997	11	4	189	197	Economic policy	A discussion of former chair of the Council of Economic Advisors Leon Keyserling's economic thinking.	Survey, overview.
Rosen, Sherwin	<i>Austrian and Neoclassical Economics: Any Gains from Trade?</i>	1997	11	4	139	152	Austrian economics	Modern economic theory would benefit from incorporating some of Austrian economics' concepts and methods.	Opinion, overview.
Persky, Joseph	<i>Retrospectives: Price Indexes and General Exchange Values</i>	1998	12	1	197	205	Index numbers	An account of index numbers from Aristotle to Keynes and Wesley Mitchell.	Survey and overview.
Tavlas, George S.	<i>Was the Monetarist Tradition Invented?</i>	1998	12	4	211	222	Monetarism	The paper challenges Harry Johnson's view that Friedman invented a Chicago monetary tradition and brings evidence that such an approach actually existed.	Close reading, survey.
Boyer, George R.	<i>The Historical Background of the Communist Manifesto</i>	1998	12	4	151	174	Marxism	The paper replaces Marx and Engels' Communist Manifesto in its intellectual and economic context, using statistical data.	Survey, statistics (economic history).
Baumol, William J.	<i>Retrospectives: Say's Law</i>	1999	13	1	195	204	Say's law	The paper shows that what is attributed to JB Say by JM Keynes is in fact an idea that is ubiquitous in the classical literature (Ricardo, Malthus, Mandeville).	Survey, close reading.
Prasch, Robert E.	<i>Retrospectives: American Economists in the Progressive Era on the Minimum Wage</i>	1999	13	2	221	230	Institutional economics, minimum wage	An account of the economists' support for minimum wage laws in the US in the early 20th century.	Survey, close reading.
De Long, J. Bradford	<i>The Triumph of Monetarism?</i>	2000	14	1	83	94	Monetarism, Chicago economics	The paper studies the development of monetarism in economics, from "old" to "new" Chicago and then to "political monetarism".	Overview and forecast.
Blaug, Mark	<i>No History of Ideas, Please, We're Economists</i>	2001	15	1	145	164	Methodology of the history of economics	A defense of History of economic thought and a depiction of recent trends in the subfield.	Survey and overview.
Stanley, T. D.	<i>Wheat from Chaff: Meta</i>	2001	15	3	131	150	Meta-Analysis, Méthodology	A defense of meta-analysis.	Survey, econometrics.
Rutherford, Malcolm	<i>Institutional Economics: Then and Now</i>	2001	15	3	173	194	Institutional economics	The article replaces institutional economics in its original intellectual context and provides a comparison between and new institutional economics.	Close reading, archival work, survey.

Persky, Joseph	<i>Cost-Benefit Analysis and the Classical Creed</i>	2001	15	4	199	208	Microeconomics, Cost-benefit analysis	An account of cost-benefit analysis in public administrations, from the French engineers to Robbins, and beyond.	Survey.
Dixon, Robert	<i>Retrospectives: Captains of Industry</i>	2002	16	2	197	206	19th century economics, Institutionalists	An account of the idiom "captain of industry" from Carlyle to Veblen.	Survey, close reading.
Robson, Arthur J.	<i>Evolution and Human Nature</i>	2002	16	2	89	106	Evolutionary economics	Survey on Evolutionary Economics	Survey, not historical
Samuelson, Larry	<i>Evolution and Game Theory</i>	2002	16	2	47	66	Evolutionary economics	Survey on Evolutionary Economics	Survey, not historical
Bergstrom, Theodore C.	<i>Evolution of Social Behavior: Individual and Group Selection</i>	2002	16	2	67	88	Evolutionary economics	Survey on Evolutionary Economics	Survey, not historical
Nelson, Richard R. Winter, Sidney G.	<i>Evolutionary Theorizing in Economics</i>	2002	16	2	23	46	Evolutionary economics	Survey on Evolutionary Economics	Survey, not historical
Ekelund, Robert B., Jr. Hebert, Robert F.	<i>The Origins of Neoclassical Microeconomics</i>	2002	16	3	197	215	Neoclassical economics	Neoclassical economics did not develop in the 1870s through the writings of Menger, Jevons and Walras. Its tools were developed earlier, most notably by French engineers, and its methodology was consolidated later by Marshall.	Survey, Close reading.
Cohen, Avi J. Harcourt, G. C.	<i>Retrospectives: Whatever Happened to the Cambridge Capital Theory Controversies?</i>	2003	17	1	199	214	Capital Theory	An account of the Cambridge capital theory controversies, trying to show that these debates are still unresolved in modern economics.	Survey, close reading.
Stock, James H. Trebbi, Francesco	<i>Who Invented Instrumental Variable Regression?</i>	2003	17	3	177	194	Econometrics	The authors try to identify the true authors of an appendix in which instrumental variable regression was used, using bibliometrics and linguistic computing to do so.	Survey, close reading, econometrics, linguistic computing.
Dimand, Robert W. ET AL	<i>Retrospectives: Gender in Classical Economics</i>	2004	18	1	229	240	Women in economics	An account of the status of women in the Classical economics literature.	Survey, Close reading.
Thornton, Robert J.	<i>Retrospectives: How Joan Robinson and B. L. Hallward Named Monopsony</i>	2004	18	2	257	261	Monopsony	The origin of the word monopsony.	Survey, reminiscence.
Ashraf, Nava ET AL.	<i>Adam Smith, Behavioral Economist</i>	2005	19	3	131	145	Adam Smith	Adam Smith, in the Theory of Moral Sentiments, advances ideas that prefigure some concepts in modern psychology and behavioral economics.	Close reading.
Evensky, Jerry	<i>Adam Smith's Theory of Moral Sentiments: On Morals and Why They Matter to a Liberal Society of Free People and Free Markets</i>	2005	19	3	109	130	Adam Smith	While economists view self-interest as the sole engine of a free-market society and often invoke Adam Smith's Wealth of Nation to ground this claim, they tend to ignore that Smith also argued in his Theory of Moral Sentiments that ethics is also an important foundation of a liberal society.	Close reading.
Leonard, Thomas C.	<i>Retrospectives: Eugenics and Economics in the Progressive Era</i>	2005	19	4	207	224	Institutional economics	The paper gives an account of the eugenic approaches to social and economic reform that were popular, respectable and widespread during the progressive era.	Survey.
Abrams, Burton A.	<i>How Richard Nixon Pressured Arthur Burns: Evidence from the Nixon Tapes</i>	2006	20	4	177	188	Monetary Policy	Studying how Fed Chairman Arthur Burns was pressured by President Richard Nixon to conduct an expansionary monetary policy, the authors argue for an explicit rule that prevents discretionary monetary decisions.	Archival materials.
Persky, Joseph	<i>Retrospectives: From Usury to Interest</i>	2007	21	1	227	236	Interest loan	The paper gives an account of the acceptance of interest loan as a legitimate and unconstrained activity from Middle-Age to Bentham.	Survey.

Colander, David	<i>Edgeworth's Hedonimeter and the Quest to Measure Utility: Retrospectives</i>	2007	21	2	215	225	Utility	The paper explores Edgeworth's and Fisher's alternative approaches to measuring utility.	Survey.
Sandmo, Agnar	<i>Retrospectives: Leon Walras and the Nobel Peace Prize</i>	2007	21	4	217	228	Léon Walras	An account of Léon Walras' attempt to be awarded the Nobel Peace Prize.	Archival materials.
Ziliak, Stephen T.	<i>Retrospectives: Guinnessometrics: The Economic Foundation of 'Student's' t</i>	2008	22	4	199	216	The history of statistics	An account of how William Gosset, a chemist and brewer working for Guinness, came up with the 'Student' t- test of significance and how it was later used by R.A. Fisher in economics.	Survey, close reading, archival materials.
White, Michael V. Schuler, Kurt	<i>Retrospectives: Who Said 'Debauch the Currency': Keynes or Lenin?</i>	2009	23	2	213	222	Keynes	A discussion of the origins of Keynes' assertion that "the best way to destroy the capitalist system [is] to debauch currency", a sentence the author attributed to Lenin.	Survey, close reading, some context.
May, Ann Mari Dimand, Robert W.	<i>Retrospectives: Trouble in the Inaugural Issue of the American Economic Review: The Cross/Eaves Controversy</i>	2009	23	3	189	204	The early years of the American Economic Review	An acerbic discussion involving two specialists of labor legislation unveiled in correspondences found in the archives of the AEA sheds light on the relations between authors and their reviewers in the early days of the AER.	Archival materials.
Chai, Andreas Moneta, Alessio	<i>Retrospectives: Engel Curves</i>	2010	24	1	225	240	History of statistics	A history of Engel's curves and their relevance to today's economics.	Survey, close reading.
Sims, Christopher A.	<i>But Economics Is Not an Experimental Science</i>	2010	24	2	59	68	Methodology of econometrics	A discussion of Angrist & Pischke's Mostly Harmless Econometrics.	Methodology, not historical
Keane, Michael P.	<i>A Structural Perspective on the Experimentalist School</i>	2010	24	2	47	58	Methodology of econometrics	A discussion of Angrist & Pischke's Mostly Harmless Econometrics.	Methodology, not historical
Stock, James H.	<i>The Other Transformation in Econometric Practice: Robust Tools for Inference</i>	2010	24	2	83	94	Methodology of econometrics	A discussion of Angrist & Pischke's Mostly Harmless Econometrics.	Methodology, not historical
Nevo, Aviv Whinston, Michael D.	<i>Taking the Dogma out of Econometrics: Structural Modeling and Credible Inference</i>	2010	24	2	69	82	Methodology of econometrics	A discussion of Angrist & Pischke's Mostly Harmless Econometrics.	Methodology, not historical
Leamer, Edward E.	<i>Tantalus on the Road to Asymptopia</i>	2010	24	2	31	46	Methodology of econometrics	A discussion of Angrist & Pischke's Mostly Harmless Econometrics.	Methodology, not historical
Angrist, Joshua D. Pischke, Jörn	<i>The Credibility Revolution in Empirical Economics: How Better Research Design Is Taking the Con out of Econometrics</i>	2010	24	2	3	30	Methodology of econometrics	A discussion of Angrist & Pischke's Mostly Harmless Econometrics.	Methodology, not historical
Rodrik, Dani	<i>Diagnostics before Prescription</i>	2010	24	3	33	44	History and methodology of development economics	Development economists should concentrate on diagnostic, not prescription.	Methodology, survey, not historical
Deaton, Angus	<i>Understanding the Mechanisms of Economic Development</i>	2010	24	3	3	16	History and methodology of development economics	A survey of past and current methodologies in development economics.	Methodology, survey, not historical
Berdell, John	<i>Retrospectives: An Early Supply</i>	2010	24	4	207	217	Pre-Classical economics	The paper explores debates between Petty, Law and Cantillon that prefigure modern debates between supply-side and demand-side economics.	Survey, close reading.
Sleeman, A. G.	<i>Retrospectives: The Phillips Curve: A Rushed Job?</i>	2011	25	1	223	238	Phillips curve	An analysis of the circumstances surrounding the publication of the Phillips curve shows that the New Zealand statistician did not intend to publish it.	Close reading, reminiscences, archival materials.

Weintraub, E. Roy	<i>Lionel W. McKenzie and the Proof of the Existence of a Competitive Equilibrium: Retrospectives</i>	2011	25	2	199	215	General Equilibrium Theory	The story of how Lionel McKenzie's paper on the existence of a general equilibrium in a competitive economy was refereed in <i>Econometrica</i> offers a case-study of priority acknowledgement and journal practices in the early 1950s, when mathematical economics was discussed within a small community.	Archival materials.
Schabas, Margaret Wennerlind, Carl	<i>Retrospectives: Hume on Money, Commerce, and the Science of Economics</i>	2011	25	3	217	230	David Hume	An account of David Hume's ideas on money, trade and on economics as science.	Survey, close reading.
Perelman, Michael	<i>Retrospectives: X-Efficiency</i>	2011	25	4	211	222	Leibenstein, X-Efficiency	An account of Leibenstein's X-efficiency theory and of its subsequent critiques.	Survey, close reading.

HET papers published in the Economic Journal (1991-2011)

AUTHOR	Title	Year	vol	nbr	Pages		Subject	Argument	Methods
Stiglitz, Joseph E.	<i>Another Century of Economic Science</i>	1991	101	404	134	141	Economics in the next 100 years	"The most important achievements of economics over the next century [are]: the development of a general economic theory, unifying macroeconomics and microeconomics, able both to explain its aggregative behaviour and the details of ... its ... institutions. I have forecast partial success in ...: an understanding of the economic behaviour of organisations...; a development ... based on an incorporation into economics of ... findings of other social sciences, notably psychology and sociology;" and a better understanding of the government's economic role, "and the development of a theory of public failure to parallel our analysis of market failure."	survey and overview
Scmalensee, Richard	<i>Continuity and Change in the Economics Industry</i>	1991	101	404	115	121	Economics in the next 100 years	"examination of the long-term future of economics [focusing] on changes in three broadly analogous influences: the profession's internally-generated research agenda, the demands for answers that arise outside the profession, and the supply of tools and techniques available from outside economics."	survey and overview
Fishburn, Peter C.	<i>Decision Theory: The Next 100 Years?</i>	1991	191	404	27	32	Decision Theory in the next 100 years	Evaluates past 50 years achievements in decision theory and forecasts trends for next 100 years.	survey and overview
Johnston, J	<i>Econometrics Retrospect and Prospect</i>	1991	101	404	51	56	Econometrics in the next 100 years	Evaluates past 100 years achievements in econometrics and "It focuses on the fragility of estimated relationships and closes with a brief discussion of three areas: (1) lines of communication between econometric theorists and applied econometricians, (2) the balance between theoretical and applied work in econometrics, and (3) resolution of doctrinal disputes."	survey and overview
Baghwati, Jagdish	<i>Economics beyond the Horizon</i>	1991	101	404	9	14	Economics in the next 100 years	Two trends shape and enrich economic analysis today: "the reversal of the longstanding fragmentation of the social sciences that took Economics out of the realm of moral philosophy", and "the growing integration of the world economy" (globalization).	survey and overview

Galbraith, John Kenneth	<i>Economics in the Century Ahead</i>	1991	101	404	41	46	Economics in the next 100 years	The "implications for economics of changing social, political and institutional attitudes and structures proceeding from the hypothesis that economics cannot be a static discipline, that so to regard it is an assurance of scholarly obsolescence. The corporation and the increasingly evident pursuit of personal power ... , other bureaucratic patterns of behavior so evident in the firm, the changing political context of economics, the policy errors from the ... damaging distinction between microeconomics and macroeconomics and the ... problems associated with the movement from ... socialism to welfare-moderated capitalism are cited as examples of the accommodation that economics must make in the years ahead"	survey and overview
Buchanan, James	<i>Economics in the Post-Socialist Century</i>	1991	101	404	15	21	Economics in the next 100 years	"Economics in the century ahead will be marked by a reduction in ideological tension, which will, in turn, generate increased convergence of the attitudes of economists on normative issues. This convergence will increase the influence of economists on policy."	survey and overview
Dasgupta, Partha	<i>Nutrition, Non-convexities and Redistributive Policies</i>	1991	101	404	22	26	Economics of Poverty in the next 100 years	An "outline the kind of work [the author] would like to see come to fruition in the field in which [his] current research interest lies; namely, the economics of destitution."	survey and overview
Friedman, Milton	<i>Old Wine in New Bottles</i>	1991	101	404	33	40	Economics in the next 100 years	Examines research published in the Economic Journal during its first century and speculate about economics during the next century. The conclusion is that the issues dealt with and substantive conclusions will remain much the same, but the techniques employed and the language in which they are presented will differ. There will be broaden subjects covered with deepening specialization.	survey and overview, browsing EJ
Oswald, Andrew J.	<i>Progress and Microeconomic Data</i>	1991	101	404	75	80	Economics in the next 100 years	Examines research in EJ from 1959 to 1990 and argues that, contrary to stablished views, there has been growing applied research.	bibliometric analysis
Pencavel, John	<i>Prospects for Economics</i>	1991	101	404	81	87	Economics in the next 100 years	"The discipline will become increasingly diverse both in its subject matter and in its analytical approaches. Much of the advance in economics science will come from those fusing theory with data."	survey and overview
Wiseman, Jack	<i>The Black Box</i>	1991	101	404	149	155	Economics in the next 100 years	"The dominant neoclassical paradigm will have been replaced by one which recognizes the central importance of unknowability and the need for an embracing logic of choice that treats all opportunity-cost decisions, whatever their context, in parity of significance with choice-through-markets."	survey and overview
Turnovsky, Stephen J.	<i>The Next Hundred Years</i>	1991	101	404	142	148	Economics in the next 100 years	The author laments "the increased specialization of the profession. Several aspects of economics as it has been practiced recently are found to be troubling": the dominance of fads, certain methodological procedures, and ideological disputes. The paper argues "that the present treatment of uncertainty and dynamics is primitive" and suggests "that the methods of nonlinear dynamics are promising".	survey and overview

Hahn, Frank	<i>The Next Hundred Years</i>	1991	101	404	47	50	Economics in the next 100 years	Argues that "theorising of the 'pure' sort will become both less enjoyable and less and less possible".	survey and overview
Baumol, William J.	<i>Toward a Newer Economics: The Future Lies Ahead!</i>	1991	101	404	1	8	Economics in the next 100 years	The paper "suggests the directions research and teaching ought to take. It advocates more work that is not highly abstract and mathematical, more emphasis on application, more concern with the long run, and more teaching of economic history."	survey and overview
Panico, Carolo	<i>Some Notes on Marshallian Supply Functions</i>	1991	101	406	557	569	Sraffa and Samuelson's misinterpretation	Denies Samuelson's argument that Sraffa's 1920s critique of Marshallian supply functions "pleaded for abandoning the Marshallian approach in favor of a simultaneous determination of all prices" and shows how Sraffa was soon misinterpreted along these lines.	close reading, context (little archive)
Keuzenkamp, Hugo A.	<i>A Precursor to Muth: Tinbergen's 1932 Model of Rational Expectations</i>	1991	101	408	1245	1253	Tinbergen, Muth and rational expectations hypothesis	Tinbergen in a 1932 paper (a dynamic problem of intertemporal inventory allocation) as a precursor of rational expectations' hypothesis of Muth. Tinbergen and Muth have very similar papers with the difference being the serious correlation of shocks in the latter and no correlation in the former.	close reading
Rothschild, Emma	<i>Commerce and the State: Turgot, Condorcet and Smith</i>	1992	102	414	1197	1210	Turgot, Condorcet and Smith on commerce and the state	Turgot, Condorcet and Adam Smith opposed to government intervention in the corn trade, but they recognized failures in many markets and thus favored government intervention (particularly in labor markets). "Their arguments suggest criteria for evaluating government intervention ... that are of continuing practical and theoretical importance."	close reading
Prendergast, Renee	<i>Marshallian External Economies</i>	1993	103	417	454	458	Economies of Scale	In "the absence of indivisibilities, the expansion of an industry cannot generate economies of scale unless individual firms introduce the same changes in the way they carry out their activities", which doesn't happen "in the absence of ... focusing device".	close reading
Hodgson, Geoffrey M.	<i>The Mecca of Alfred Marshall</i>	1993	103	417	406	415	Evolutionary economics and Spencer's influence on Marshall	"The argument in this paper is that Marshall saw the value of the biological metaphor for economics but in part the Spencerian influence thwarted the development of an adequate evolutionary analysis."	close reading
Patinkin, Don	<i>On the Chronology of the General Theory</i>	1993	103	418	647	663	John Maynard Keynes: from the "Treatise on Money" to the "General Theory"	Traces different steps of Keynes from the Treatise to the General Theory; "when the different strands of thought that had been developing in Keynes' mind finally fell into place and became the General Theory" (p. 647).	close reading, context, archives
Meade, James	<i>The Relation of Mr Meade's Relation to Kahn's Multiplier</i>	1993	103	418	664	665	Meade and Kahn's multiplier	Comparison of Kahn's multiplier with "Mr. Meade's Relation" which is a multiplier looking at savings.	reminiscences
Foster, John	<i>Economics and the Self-Organisation Approach: Alfred Marshall Revisited</i>	1993	103	419	975	991	Marshall and evolutionary economics	The economics of ... Marshall is reassessed in the light of new developments in the natural sciences whereby a nonequilibrium thermodynamic approach is adopted to analyze self-organization in dissipative structures. ... Thus, his Principles is viewed as a very useful starting point in adapting the self-organization approach for application in economics."	close reading, context, survey and overview
Leeson, Robert	<i>A.W.H. Phillips M.B.E. (Military Division)</i>	1994	104	424	605	618	Bill Phillips	Bill Phillips, his war experience and its influence on his work in economics.	close reading, context

Presley, John R. Sessions, John G.	<i>Islamic Economics: The Emergence of a New Paradigm</i>	1994	104	424	584	596	Islamic economics	"The authors illustrate the potential impact of the Islamic doctrine on Western economic relationships by focusing on the prohibition of interest (riba) in Islamic economics."	mathematical analysis
Haliassos, Michael	<i>On Perfect Foresight Models of a Stochastic World</i>	1994	104	424	477	491	Long-run, perfect foresight models	"This paper examines whether perfect foresight models admit interpretations as limits of stochastic economies and reflect long-run behavior and policy effects. It provides a novel interpretation of such models, specifies consistency criteria for long-run analysis, and proposes metrics for model convergence."	mathematical analysis with simulation
Leonard, Robert J.	<i>Reading Cournot, Reading Nash: The Creation and Stabilsation of the Nash Equilibrium</i>	1994	104	424	492	511	Game theory and Cournot-Nash equilibrium	Cournot and Nash had different concepts of equilibrium which were "ultimately joined together in the eyes of contemporary economic theorists". The author addresses some "questions about the manner in which economic theorists view the evolution of their own discipline".	context
Gerrard, Bill	<i>Keynes, the Keynesians and the Classics: A Suggested Interpretation</i>	1995	105	429	445	458	John Maynard Keynes: General Theory	"Keynes is interpreted as encompassing classical theory within a more general framework for analysis, creating a post-classical synthesis" (p. 445); his attitude to classical theory is "clear and consistent".	close reading, overview
Krejel, J. A.	<i>Neoclassical Price Theory, Institutions, and the Evolution of Securities Market Organisation</i>	1995	105	429	459	470	Neoclassical price theory and institutions	Marshall and Walras had different price theories but both bases on a common institution: the stock exchange. These differences can be explained by national differences of that institution. The author explores also whether there is "a natural evolution towards an optimal market organization".	close reading, economic history
Harcourt, G. C.	<i>Joan Robinson 1903-1983</i>	1995	105	432	1228	1243	Joan Robinson	Obituary written a decade after her death, contextualizing her life and career.	context, survey and overview
Berdell, J. F.	<i>The Present Relevance of Hume's Open-Economy Monetary Dynamics</i>	1995	105	432	1205	1217	David Hume and open economy model	Model Hume's "discussion of output and monetary dynamics within na open economy analysis".	mathematical reconstruction
Kapuria-Foreman, Vibha Perlman, Mark	<i>An Economic Historian's Economist: Remembering Simon Kuznets</i>	1995	105	433	1524	1547	Simon Kuznets	Appreciation of Kuznets life and work a decade after his death.	context, survey and overview
Eichenbaum, Martin	<i>Some Comments on the Role of Econometrics in Economic Theory</i>	1995	105	433	1609	1621	Econometrics and economic theory	An appreciation of the role of econometrics in advancing economic theory (taking "the perspective that the main objective of econometrics ought to be the advancement of empirically plausible economic theory").	methodology, survey and overview
Collard, David	<i>Pigou and Modern Business Cycle Theory</i>	1996	106	437	912	924	Pigou and modern business cycle theory	Pigou had much in common to new classical/RBC theory, but had also important differences that can provide "lessons for modern economists in terms of the scope and method of business cycle theory".	close reading
Schefold, Bertram	<i>Piero Sraffa 1898-1983</i>	1996	106	438	1314	1325	Sraffa	Obituary written more than a decade after his death, contextualizing her life and career.	context, survey and overview

Weintraub, E. Roy	<i>Controversy: Axiomatisches Missverständnis</i>	1998	108	451	1837	1847	Formalism in economics	"Modern controversies over formalism in economics rest on misunderstandings about the history of mathematics, the history of economics, and the history of the relationship between mathematics and economics." Undermining the view that the mathematization of economics started with the Jevonian call there is the problem that 'rigorous' and 'mathematical' had different meanings over time.	context, methodology
Backhouse, Roger E.	<i>If Mathematics Is Informal, Then Perhaps We Should Accept That Economics Must Be Informal Too</i>	1998	108	451	1848	1858	Formalism in economics	Defined three different meanings of formalism in economics (axiomatisation, mathematisation and methodological formalisation) and appraised them.	methodology
Chick, Victoria	<i>On Knowing One's Place: The Role of Formalism in Economics</i>	1998	108	451	1859	1869	Formalism in economics	Economists believe formalism is the only acceptable method for economics. The author argues that "(a) formalists claim too much for their methods and their scope, and (b) formal methods are not neutral", to conclude that "formal methods [should not be rejected, but] confined to appropriate areas".	methodology
Krugman, Paul	<i>Two Cheers of Formalism</i>	1998	108	451	1829	1836	Formalism in economics	Defense of formalism in economics with three points: (a) critics attack a straw man and good economics is less formalistic than this; (b) criticisms "are often not about method but about content"; (c) formalism is crucial to progress in economics.	methodology
Starmer, Chris	<i>Experimental Economics: Hard Science or Wasteful Tinkering?</i>	1999	109	453	5	15	Experimental economics	The author, an enthusiast of the contribution of experimental economics to economic knowledge, overviews the developments in the last two decades in theory of choice under risk.	survey and overview
Binmore, Ken	<i>Why Experiment in Economics?</i>	1999	109	453	16	24	Experimental economics	The author restates his point that "economic theory should only be expected to predict in the laboratory" under certain circumstances" and concludes that we should not leave laboratory experiments to psychologists.	survey and overview
Pesaran, M. Hashem Harcourt, G. C.	<i>Life and Work of John Richard Nicholas Stone 1913-1991</i>	2000	110	461	146	165	Richard Stone	Obituary contextualizing his life and career	context, survey and overview
Hartley, Keith	<i>Jack Wiseman, 1919-1991</i>	2000	110	464	445	454	Jack Wiseman	Obituary contextualizing his life and career	context, survey and overview
Mott, Tracy	<i>Kenneth Boulding, 1910-1993</i>	2000	110	464	430	444	Kenneth Boulding	Obituary contextualizing his life and career	context, survey and overview
Meghir, Costas	<i>A Retrospective on Friedman's Theory of Permanent Income</i>	2004	114	496	293	306	Milton Friedman and the permanent income hypothesis	"I trace out some of the research relating to the permanent income hypothesis (PIH), particularly that which has been based on microeconomic data, and I demonstrate the relevance of these ideas for our current way of thinking about consumption, savings and income processes."	survey and overview, mathematical analysis, statistics
Towse, Ruth	<i>Alan Peacock and Cultural Economics</i>	2005	115	504	262	276	Alan Peacock and cultural economics	Appraisal of Peacock's pioneer work on cultural economics	survey and overview, context
Robson, Arthur J.	<i>Complex Evolutionary Systems and the Red Queen</i>	2005	115	504	211	224	Complex evolutionary systems	Overview of the "Red Queen Effect" (competition between the parts that compose a complex system in the form of an arms race) and makes the case that it is a "promising avenue of research within economics".	survey and overview, mathematical analysis

Markose, Sheri M.	<i>Computability and Evolutionary Complexity: Markets as Complex Adaptive Systems</i>	2005	115	504	159	192	Complex evolutionary systems	"The cognoscenti here consider that complex systems whether natural or artificial, physical, biological or socio-economic can be characterised by a unifying set of principles. Further, it is held that these principles mark a paradigm shift from earlier ways of viewing such phenomenon."	survey and overview
Bruni, Luigino Sugden, Robert	<i>The Road Not Taken: How Psychology Was Removed from Economics, and How It Might be Brought Back</i>	2007	117	516	146	173	Choice theory and psychology	Make "parallels between the debate prompted by Pareto's reformulation of choice theory at the beginning of the twentieth century and current controversies about the status of behavioural economics".	survey and overview, context

HET papers published in the American Economic Review (1991-2011)

AUTHOR	Title	Year	vol	nbr	Pages		Subject	Argument	Methods
Ellison, Julian	<i>Celestial Mechanics and the Location Theory of William H. Dean, Jr., 1930-52</i>	1991	81	2	315	317	William H. Dean Jr and location theory	"This paper examines briefly the sources of location theory in the mathematics and astronomy of the day, and Dean's application of results from these fields to economic location theory in his doctoral dissertation at Harvard University in 1938." (p. 315)	close reading, context
Malveaux, Julianne	<i>Missed Opportunity: Sandie Tanner Mossell Alexander and the Economics Profession</i>	1991	81	2	307	310	Sadie Tanner Mossell Alexander and the economics profession	Appraisal of "the first black woman in the United States to receive a PhD" in economics (1921), "sought employment in economics but did not find it", due to racial segregation, and moved to actuary and then legal studies.	context, archives (little)
Debreu, Gerard	<i>The Mathematization of Economic Theory</i>	1991	81	1	1	7	Mathematization of economics	Overview of the mathematization of economics.	survey and overview, bibliometrics, context
Stewart, James B.	<i>The Rice and Fall of Negro Economics: The Economic Thought of George Edmund Haynes</i>	1991	81	2	311	314	George Edmund Haynes's economic thought	Appraisal of life and work in economics of "one of the first African-Americans to earn a PhD in sociology". "Many of Haynes' perspectives anticipated contemporary economic approaches to the study of social problems" (p. 311).	context, close reading
Boston, Thomas D.	<i>W. E. B. Du Bois and the Historical School of Economics</i>	1991	81	2	303	306	W. E. B. Du Bois and the Historical School of Economics	Appraisal of "the first African-American [in the US] to pursue the PhD in economics" (1894, Harvard) and his not well known contributions to "political economy" and the "Methodenstreit".	context, survey and overview
Hollander, Samuel	<i>Malthus's Abandonment of Agricultural Protectionism: A Discovery in the History of Economic Thought</i>	1992	82	3	650	659	Malthus	This paper argues that, contrary to the view that Malthus was the only major economist to support agricultural protection, he "withdrew his support for the prohibitory Corn Laws" as early as 1824. He was not defending the class of landowners but rather "his perception of the national interest".	close reading, archive
Rothschild, Emma	<i>Adam Smith and the Invisible Hand</i>	1994	84	2	319	322	The invisible hand	"Smith did not particularly esteem the invisible hand and thought of it as an ironic but useful joke. The suggestion is that Smith's view is of continuing and even increasing modern interest" (p. 319)	close reading, context

Cosmides, Leda Tooby, John	<i>Better than Rational: Evolutionary Psychology and the Invisible Hand</i>	1994	84	2	327	332	The invisible hand	Discussion on rational behavior, which "is not, in any sense, the state of nature", going through evolutionary psychology and the invisible hand.	survey and overview
Arthur, W. Brian	<i>Inductive Reasoning and Bounded Rationality</i>	1994	84	2	406	411	Bounded rationality	Discussion on how to model bounded rationality, which is an open question in economics. In contrast, in psychology there is agreement that in complicated situations humans use inductive methods of reasoning.	survey and overview
Nozick, Robert	<i>Invisible Hand Explanations</i>	1994	84	2	314	318	The invisible hand	Overview of his "invisible-hand process": "A pattern or institutional structure that apparently only could arise by conscious design instead can originate or be maintained through the interactions of agents having no such overall pattern in mind" (p. 314).	survey and overview
Arrow, Kenneth J.	<i>Methodological Individualism and Social Knowledge</i>	1994	84	2	1	9	Social Categories and Methodological Individualism	Arrow argues that, despite widespread methodological individualism, social categories are used in economic analysis and are of absolute necessity, and that technical information in the economy is a case of "an irreducibly social category"	theoretical analysis
Walsh, Vivian	<i>Rationality as Self-Interest versus Rationality as Present Aims</i>	1994	84	2	401	405	Economic Rationality	Assessment of different concepts of rationality	theoretical analysis
Sen, Amartya	<i>The Formulation of Rational Choice</i>	1994	84	2	385	390	Rational choice	Argues for making room "for other-regarding concerns in the formulation of rational choice", through the cases of monitoring and work motivation, and discusses if this would or would not lead to equity or justice.	theoretical analysis
Maskin, Eric S.	<i>The Invisible Hand and Externalities</i>	1994	84	2	333	337	The invisible hand	The invisible hand is associated with competitive markets, but markets fail in presence of externalities. Contrary to Coase, the paper tries to show "that, in spite of externalities and incomplete information, private contractual agreements suffice to achieve efficiency, as long as no agent is big enough to have significant market power" (p. 333).	mathematical analysis
Burgenmeier, B.	<i>The Misperception of Walras</i>	1994	84	1	342	352	Walras	Walras is "recognized as one of the founding fathers of the neoclassical model". It is also recognized, if less remembered, that he "also contributed to socioeconomics". Though he is portrayed in mainstream economics as "a neoclassical, mathematical economist", he was "interested in economics in a broader sense".	close reading, context, archives
Malveaux, Julianne	<i>Tilting against the Wind: Reflections on the Life and Work of Phyllis Ann Wallace</i>	1994	84	2	93	97	Phyllis Ann Wallace and labor economics	Assessment of life and work of Phyllis Ann Wallace. Paper is a first stage in writing her biography.	context, life-writing
Williamson, Oliver E.	<i>Visible and Invisible Governance</i>	1994	84	2	323	326	The invisible hand	Assessment of the invisible and visible hand with respect to the issue of governance.	close reading, survey and overview
Barber, William J.	<i>Irving Fisher (1867-1947) in Retrospect</i>	1997	87	2	445	447	Irving Fisher	The author takes 3 anniversaries to discuss Fisher's "prolific career" and "the nature of our discipline"	context, survey and overview

Tobin, James	<i>Fisher's Introductory Text</i>	1997	87	2	430	432	Irving Fisher	The author discusses Fisher's introductory textbook "Elementary Principles of Economics" (1912), that was popular at Yale and only there	close reading
Dimand, Robert W.	<i>Irving Fisher and Modern Macroeconomics</i>	1997	87	2	442	444	Irving Fisher	Assessment of Fisher's contributions to economics seen as "foundations" of modern macroeconomics	close reading, context
Thaler, Richard H.	<i>Irving Fisher: Modern Behavioral Economist</i>	1997	87	2	439	441	Irving Fisher	Put forward the thesis that Fisher should be considered a pioneer of "modern behavioral economics" in addition to being a pioneer of neoclassical economics	close reading
Hall, Robert E.	<i>Irving Fisher's Self-Stabilizing Money</i>	1997	87	2	436	438	Irving Fisher	Theoretical discussion of Fisher's contributions to monetary economics, that are central to many presentday theories (even if not recognized)	theoretical analysis
Solow, Robert M.	<i>One Little Piece of Irving Fisher</i>	1997	87	2	433	435	Irving Fisher	Fisher's short paper on price index that Solow saw as "maybe the first appearance in economics of a distributed lag"	close reading
Greif, Avner	<i>Historical and Comparative Institutional Analysis</i>	1998	88	2	80	84	Historical and Comparative Institutional Analysis (HCIA)	Assessment and presentation of the historical and analytical framework (HCIA) for studying institutions in societies	survey and overview
Nee, Victor	<i>Norms and Networks in Economic and Organizational Performance</i>	1998	88	2	85	89	Norms and Networks (informal institutions)	Overview of developments in new institutionalism about informal constraints that are norms and networks	survey and overview
Williamson, Oliver E.	<i>The Institutions of Governance</i>	1998	88	2	75	79	Institutions of Governance	Overview of the New Institutional economics' area of institutions and governance	survey and overview
Coase, Ronald	<i>The New Institutional Economics</i>	1998	88	2	72	74	New Institutional Economics	Short overview of the field and its origins on Coase's 1937 article	survey and overview
McKenzie, Lionel W.	<i>Turnpikes</i>	1998	88	2	1	14	Turnpike theorems	Overview of the literature on optimal capital accumulation and efficient paths over time	survey and overview
Helper, Susan	<i>Economists and Field Research: 'You Can Observe a Lot Just by Watching.'</i>	2000	90	2	228	232	Field Research in economics	Appraisal of contributions that field work do to economics	survey and overview
Seiz, Janet A. Pujol, Michele A.	<i>Harriet Taylor Mill</i>	2000	90	2	476	479	Harriet Taylor Mill	Harriet Taylor Mill's "influence" on John Stuart Mill and her economics ideas	context
Dimand, Robert W.	<i>Nineteenth Century American Feminist Economics: From Caroline Dall to Charlotte Perkins Gilman</i>	2000	90	2	480	484	Feminist Economics (19th Cent., USA)	Overview of 4 decades of American feminist economic thought that culminated with Charlotte Gilman's 1898 book	context
Rayo, Luis Becker, Gary S.	<i>Habits, Peers, and Happiness: An Evolutionary Perspective</i>	2007	97	2	487	491	Happiness and Income	we argue that a happiness function that combines strong habits with strong peer comparisons can help account for several empirical findings and, simultaneously, has a biological foundation	survey and overview, theoretical analysis
Velde, Francois R.	<i>John Law's System</i>	2007	97	2	276	279	John Law's system/bubble	Not just an "early bubble", but a more complicated story "that puts into play many ideas of interest to modern macroeconomists"	context, historical analysis
Bergstrom, Theodore C.	<i>Some Evolutionary Economics of Family Partnerships</i>	2007	97	2	482	486	Evolutionary economics and Family		survey and overview, theoretical analysis

Sargent, Thomas J.	<i>Evolution and Intelligent Design</i>	2008	98	1	5	37	Monetary economics and banishing precious metals as money (D. Ricardo)	This essay is about some ideas and experiences that shaped Ricardo's proposal to banish precious metals as money, and other ideas that emerged from the struggles of academic economists and policymakers to implement and refine what they had learned from Ricardo.	theoretical analysis
Arrow, Kenneth J. ET AL	<i>100 Years of the American Economic Review: The Top 20 Articles</i>	2011	101	1	1	8	Economics at AER	Overview of the past 100 years, selecting the top-20 most cited/influential papers.	theoretical analysis
Friedman, Benjamin M.	<i>Economics: A Moral Inquiry with Religious Origins</i>	2011	101	3	166	170	Economics as Moral Science	18th century Enlightenment was not an aspect of secularization of economics. Smith's and his contemporaries' ideas were not only shaped by religious beliefs, but were also key to foster and spread Smithian thinking, especially in the US, and shaped the course of its reception.	context, historical analysis
Olszewski, Wojciech Sandroni, Alvaro	<i>Falsifiability</i>	2011	101	2	788	818	Economic Methodology: Falsifiability	The failure of falsification in screening informed and uninformed experts motivates questions on the broader concepts of refutation and verification	theoretical analysis
Margo, Robert A.	<i>The Economic History of the American Economic Review: A Century's Explosion of Economics Research</i>	2011	101	1	9	35	AER's Economics History	this paper recounts the history of the journal. The recounting has an analytic core that sees the American Economic Association as an organization supplying goods and services to its members, one of which is the Review.	quantitative analysis, context

HET papers published in the Journal of Political Economy (1991-2011)

AUTHOR	Title	Year	vol	nbr	Pages	Subject	Argument	Methods	
Cargill, Thomas F.	<i>Irving Fisher Comments on Benjamin String and the Federal Reserve in the 1930s</i>	1992	100	6	1273	1277	Fed and the Great Depression	Irving Fisher was a precursor of Friedman and Schwartz's claim that there was a power vacuum at Fed, filled by a Board that did things wrongly	archives, historical analysis
Laidler, David	<i>Hawtrey, Harvard, and the Origins of the Chicago Tradition</i>	1993	101	6	1068	1103	Friedman's Quantity Theory and the	The ideas of monetary explanation of cycle (Chicago tradition) were present in earlier writings of Harvard people (Hawtrey, Young, Currie)	context, historical analysis
Tavlas, George S.	<i>Chicago, Harvard, and the Doctrinal Foundations of Monetary Economics</i>	1997	105	1	153	177	Friedman's Quantity Theory and the	The claim that Harvard was an important center for monetary research in the early 1930s is refuted	context, close reading
Marchionatti, Roberto Gambino, Enrico	<i>Pareto and Political Economy as a Science: methodological Revolution and Analytical Advances in Economic Theory in the 1890s</i>	1997	105	6	1322	1348	Pareto and his Walrasian roots	Pareto was not Walrasian	context, historical analysis
Cooley, Thomas F.	<i>Postwar British Economic Growth and the Legacy of Keynes</i>	1997	105	3	439	472	Fiscal policy and Keynes's influence	Quantitative analysis of British fiscal policy during WWII, stated as following Keynes's recommendations and being different than policies followed previously	theoretical analysis
Grampp, William D.	<i>What Did Smith Mean by the Invisible Hand?</i>	2000	108	3	441	465	Invisible Hand in Adam Smith	Invisible hand is not what people say it is, it is just "the inducement a merchant has to keep his capital at home, thereby increasing the domestic capital stock and enhancing military power"	context, historical analysis

Wennerlind, Carl	<i>David Hume's Monetary : Was He Really a Quantity Theorist and an Inflationist?</i>	2005	113	1	223	237	David Hume	Hume made a distinction between endogenous and exogenous money, and stated that only the former has positive effects on output	context, historical analysis
Acemoglu, Daron Johnson, Simon	<i>Unbundling Institutions</i>	2005	113	5	949	995	Institutions and economic growth	different types of institutions have different effects on investment and economic growth	theoretical analysis

HET papers published in the Quarterly Journal of Economics (1991-2011)

AUTHOR	Title	Year	vol	nbr	Pages		Subject	Argument	Methods
Heckman, James J.	<i>Causal Parameters and Policy Analysis in Economics: A Twentieth Century Retrospective</i>	2000	115	1	45	97	Econometrics' history: causal parameters	This paper considers the definition and identification of causal parameters in economics and their role in econometric policy analysis. It assesses different research programs designed to recover causal parameters from data.	survey and overview
Stiglitz, Joseph E.	<i>The Contributions of the Economics of Information to twentieth Century Economics</i>	2000	115	4	1441	1478	Economics of Information	"In this essay I wish to argue that information economics has had directly and indirectly-a profound effect on how we think about economics today"	survey and overview
Bowles, Samuel Gintis, Herbert	<i>Walrasian Economics in Retrospect</i>	2000	115	4	1411	1439	Walrasian economics	"It follows that economics must become more behavioral and more institutional. We can return to these themes of the classical tradition, now equipped with the more powerful mathematical tools developed over the past century"	survey and overview
Blanchard, Olivier	<i>What Do We Know about Macroeconomics That Fisher and Wiscksell Did Not?</i>	2000	115	4	1375	1409	Macroeconomics' history	"This essay argues that the history of macroeconomics during the twentieth century can be divided into three epochs. Pre-1940: a period of exploration, during which all the right ingredients were developed." "behind [this] is one of the most productive periods of research in macroeconomics"	survey and overview
Baumol, Willam J.	<i>What Marshall Didn't Know: On the Twentieth Century's Contributions to Economics</i>	2000	115	1	1	44	20th century contributions to economics	"What has twentieth century economics accomplished? A great deal, as will be shown here"	close reading, historical overview

HET papers published in the Review of Economic Studies (1991-2011)

AUTHOR	Title	Year	vol	nbr	Pages		Subject	Argument	Methods
Myatt, David P. Wallace, Chris	<i>When Does One Bad Apple Spoil the Barrel? An Evolutionary Analysis of Collective Action</i>	2008	75	2	499	527	Collective-action Games	No actual historical argument.	theoretical analysis

HET papers published in Econometrica (1991-2011)

AUTHOR	Title	Year	vol	nbr	Pages		Subject	Argument	Methods
Sen, Amartya	<i>Maximization and the Act of Choice</i>	1997	65	4	745	779	Choice theory	incorporating two aspects of choice which can be accommodated, with costs, into traditional choice theory	theoretical analysis
Bejerkholt, Olav	<i>Ragnar Frisch, Editor of Econometrica 1933-1954</i>	1995	63	4	755	765	Ragnar Frisch and Econometrica	Biographical account of Ragnar Frisch	context, historical analysis