**Supplemental Table 2. Description of datasets included in the review**

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| **Dataset** | **Description** |
| Rural Low-income Families: Monitoring their Well-being and Functioning in the Context of Welfare Reform | * U.S. based
* Sponsored by Massachusetts Agricultural Experiment Station, Department of Resource Economics
* Participants from 10 states rural counties
* Participating families had at least one child under age of 13, participated in the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) or had incomes below 200% of the poverty level
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| Fragile Families and Child Well-Being Study *and In-Home Longitudinal Study of Preschool Age Children* | * U.S. based
* Sponsored by Princeton University
* Longitudinal study composed primarily of disadvantaged urban unmarried parents of newborn children
* Participants from 20 U.S. cities where populations were greater than 200,000
* The FFCW data were collected from fathers and mothers when child was born, and again at age 1, 3, and 5
* In-Home data were collected via telephone at age 3, and 5 and was completed by the mothers
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| Early Childhood Longitudinal Study, Birth Cohort  | * U.S. based
* Study sponsored by the National Center for Education Statistics
* Collected data on children’s early life experiences
* Nationally representative sample of children born in 2001
* Data collected via in-person interviews, direct cognitive and developmental assessments, and from birth certificates
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| Health and Retirement Study (HRS), Asset and Health Dynamics among the Oldest Old (AHEAD) | * U.S. based
* HRS sponsored by the National Institute on Aging
* AHEAD sponsored by the Institute for Social Research
* National representative sample
* Designed to collect data on health, insurance coverage, financial status, family support systems, labor market status, and retirement planning every two years starting in 1992
* Participants were between 51 and 61 years old
* HRS’ included noninstitutionalized participants 70 years of age or older
* Both used multistage complex sampling with 4 different selection stages
* Minorities and Florida residents were oversampled
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| Child Development Supplement to the Panel Study of Income Dynamics (PSID) | * U.S. based
* Sponsored by the National Institute of Health
* Nationally representative sample of participants and their families
* Data collected between 1996 and 1998
* Data obtained from the mother, second parent, parent-figure, teacher or child care provider, and child
* CDS contain physical health, emotional well-being, behavior, cognitive and academic achievement, and social relationships data
* PSID data collected annually from 1968-1997 and annually from 1997-2002
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| Pregnancy, Infection, and Nutrition Study (PIN) | * U.S. based
* Sponsored by the Carolina Population Center, National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute
* Participants from North Carolina who were age > 16 years at conception
* Four major data collection phases: during prenatal period, postpartum, at 3-months, and 12-months postpartum
* Some of the data included physical activity, psychosocial factors, nutritional factors and food security
* Data collection methods included interviews, self-administered questionnaires, and information from medical records
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| Rural Families Speak | * Sponsored by the Rural Health and Safety Education Competitive Program of the USDA
* Multi-state, multi-disciplinary study
* Some of the states in the study included California, Indiana, New York, Ohio, and Oregon
* Participants were rural, low-income women and their families
* 23 rural counties participated annually
* Convenience sample recruited from assistance programs like WIC
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| Research to Access to Care in the Homeless (REACH) cohort | * U.S. based
* Sponsored by the National Institute of Mental Health
* Cohort of homeless and marginally housed people who have HIV
* Participants were recruited form homeless shelters, free meal programs, and single-room occupancy hotels in San Francisco
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