BJPO/2015/000976

Data supplement

Table DS1 Sensitivity and specificity of parent-report of ASD compared with clinical ASD diagnosis taken from medical records

| | Parent report | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| Medical records ¹ | No diagnosis | ASD diagnosis | | |
| No diagnosis or not searched | | | | |
| n | 7613 | 58 | | |
| % | 99.24 | 0.76 | | |
| ASD diagnosis* | | | | |
| n | 2 | 37 | | |
| % | 5.13 | 94.87 | | |

¹Details of search strategy of medical records given in (Williams et al¹⁸). *ASD diagnosis restricted to those with statements.

Table DS2 Requirements laid out in ICD-10 diagnostic criteria for autism and behavioural traits utilised showing how they match the criteria

| ICD-10 diagnostic criteria for research : diagnostic thresholds for autism ² | Behaviour associated with autism measured in both cohorts (age measured) | How behavioural measure fulfils criteria | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Abnormal or impaired development in the following domains: | | | |
| 1. Social-communication, two of the following areas: (1) A delay in, or total lack of development of spoken language not accompanied by compensation through the use of gesture (2) Failure to initiate or sustain conversational interchange (at whatever level of language skills are present) (3) Stereotyped and repetitive use of language or idiosyncratic use of words or phrases (4) Abnormalities in pitch, stress, rate, rhythm and intonation of speech | Language for communication: foundation assessment (4/5 years) Scale of 0-9: a score of 1 was given by teacher for each milestone attained. • Talks and listens confidently and with control, showing awareness of the listener by including relevant detail. Uses language to work out and clarify ideas, showing control of a range of appropriate vocabulary • Speaks clearly with confidence and control, showing awareness of the listener • Uses talk to organise, sequence and clarify thinking, ideas, feelings and events, exploring the meanings and sounds of new words • Interacts with others in a variety of contexts, negotiating plans and activities and taking turns in conversation • Uses language to recreate roles and experiences • Listens with enjoyment to songs rhymes and poems, sustains attentive listening and responds with relevant comments questions or actions • Talks activities through, reflecting on and modifying actions • Initiates communication with others • Listens and responds • None of the above | Although very generic, this trait reflects criteria (1 & 2) | |

| Three of the following areas: | Social development: foundation assessment (4/5 years old) Scale of 0-9: a score of 1 was given by teacher for each milestone | Negative answers to all of these questions capture lack of socio- emotional reciprocity as shown by an impaired or deviant response to other people's emotions described | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| (1) Receptive or expressive language as used in social communication | attained (numbered below). Takes into account the ideas of others | | | |
| (2) Development of selective social attachments or of reciprocal social interaction | Understands that s/he can expect others to treat his/her needs views, cultures and beliefs with respect | in criteria (2) of ICD-10 (column 1) | | |
| (3) Functional or symbolic play | Understands that people have different needs, views and cultures and beliefs that need to be treated with respect Understands the need for agreed values and codes of behaviour for groups of people, including adults and children to work together | | | |
| | harmoniously Forms good relationships with adults and peers Works as part of a group or class taking turns and sharing fairly Takes turns with adult support Builds relationships through gesture and talk Plays alongside [not with] others None of the above | | | |
| | From Department of Education and Skills. ²¹ | | | |
| 2: Social interaction, one of the following areas: | SDQ peer problems (7/8 years) Composed of the following five items in the SDQ questionnaire ² , which were rated by both parents and teachers as <i>Doesn't apply/Somewhat</i> | Item questions capture failure to develop peer relationships as | | |
| (1) Failure adequately to use eye-to-eye gaze, facial expression, body posture and gesture to regulate social interaction | applies/Certainly applies: The child: • gets on better with adults than children • rather solitary, often plays alone | described in criteria (2) of ICD-10 (column 1) | | |
| (2) Failure to develop peer relationships involving a mutual sharing of interests, activities and emotions | has at least one good friend is generally liked by other children picked on or bullied by other children. | | | |

(3) A lack of socio-emotional reciprocity as shown by an impaired or deviant response to other people's emotions; or lack of modulation of behaviour according to social context; or a weak integration of social, emotional and communicative behaviours

SDQ prosocial score (7/8 years)

Composed of the following five items in the SDQ questionnaire ², which were rated by both parents and teachers as *Doesn't apply/Somewhat applies/Certainly applies*:

The child:

- is considerate of other people's feelings
- shares readily with other children (treats, toys, pencils, etc.)
- is helpful if someone is hurt, upset or feeling ill
- is kind to younger children
- often volunteers to help others (parents, teachers, other children).

Negative answers to all of these questions capture failure to develop socio-emotional reciprocity as described in criteria (3) of ICD-10 (column 1)

3. Restricted, repetitive, and stereotyped patterns of behaviour, two of the following areas:

- (1) An encompassing preoccupation with one or more stereotyped and restricted patterns of interest; or one or more interests that are abnormal in their intensity although not abnormal in their content or focus
- (2) Compulsive adherence to specific, nonfunctional, routines or rituals
- (3) Stereotyped and repetitive motor mannerisms that involve either hand or finger flapping or twisting, or complex whole body movements
- (4) Preoccupations with part-objects or nonfunctional elements of play materials
- (5) Distress over changes in small, non-functional, details of the environment

Afraid of new things or new situation (7/8 years)

This was a response by parent and teacher to the single question 'Does the child tend to be afraid of new things or new situations?' rated by both parents and teachers as Doesn't apply/Somewhat applies/Certainly applies.

This trait was considered as distress over changes in environment as described in diagnostic criteria.

Table DS3 Cross-tabulation of parent report ASD diagnosis (yes/no) and top 5% of CATS score (yes/no)

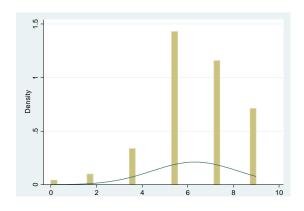
| Parent-report ASD diagnosis | Top 5% CATS | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|----------|--|
| | No | Yes | |
| No n % | 14,726 95 | 804 5 | |
| Yes n | 70 | 140 | |
| % | 33 | 67 | |

Table DS4 Association of behavioural traits with parent-report ASD measured in both cohorts

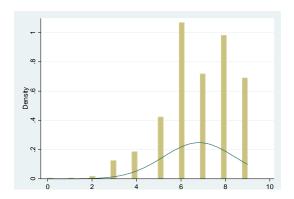
| Trait | Domain Age of child | Age of child | Source | Crude association with diagnosis of ASD in each cohort | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------|--|--------|-------------------|--------|
| | | | | ALSPAC | р | MCS | р |
| | | | | OR (95% CI) | | OR (95% CI) | |
| SDQ prosocial | Social behaviour | 7 | Parent report | 0.59 (0.52, 0.68) | <0.001 | 0.54 (0.50,0.59) | <0.001 |
| behaviour | | | | | | | |
| SDQ peer problems | Social behaviour | 7 | Parent report | 1.77 (1.57, 2.00) | <0.001 | 1.90 (1.77, 2.04) | <0.001 |
| SDQ nervous in new | Restricted interests | 7 | Parent report | 2.55 (1.77, 3.68) | <0.001 | 2.71 (2.14, 3.43) | <0.001 |
| situations | | | | | | | |
| SDQ prosocial | Social behaviour | 7 or 8 | Teacher report | 0.75 (0.64, 0.86) | <0.001 | 0.64 (0.59,0.70) | <0.001 |
| behaviour | | | | | | | |
| SDQ peer problems | Social behaviour | 7 or 8 | Teacher report | 1.53 (1.37, 1.70) | <0.001 | 1.64 (1.52, 1.75) | <0.001 |
| SDQ nervous in new | Restricted interests | 7 or 8 | Teacher report | 4.33 (2.76, 6.81) | <0.001 | 2.57 (1.95, 3.37) | <0.001 |
| situations | | | | | | | |
| Language and | Social | 4 or 5 | Foundation stage | 0.57 (0.47, 0.71) | <0.001 | 0.62 (0.56, 0.69) | <0.001 |
| communication | communication | | school assessment | | | | |
| Social communication | Social | 4 or 5 | Foundation stage | 0.59 (0.50, 0.70) | <0.001 | 0.52 (0.47, 0.59) | <0.001 |
| development | communication | | school assessment | | | | |

Fig DS1 Distribution of foundation assessment score in ALSPAC and MCS.

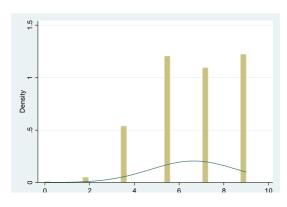
ALSPAC: social development



MCS: social development



ALSPAC: language for communication



MCS: language for communication

