**Supplementary Materials – Impact of the first COVID-19 outbreak and mental health service utilisation at a Dutch Mental Health Centre: retrospective observational study**

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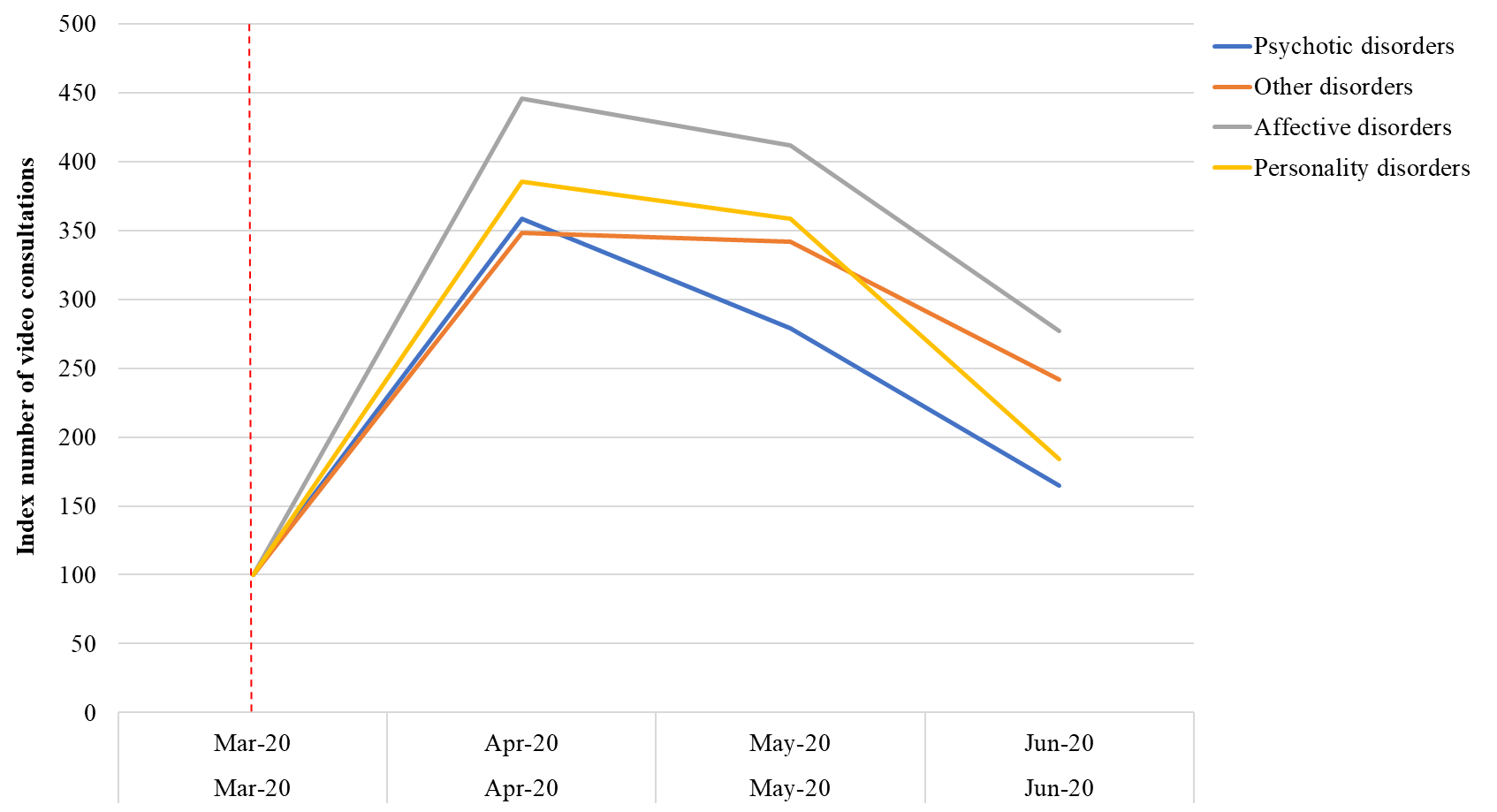
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**Supplementary Fig 1.** Index number of face-to-face outpatient contacts per diagnostic category, from January 2018 to June 2020. Patients with psychotic disorders (orange line) showed the least decrease in face-to-face outpatient contacts compared to other psychiatric diagnoses after the lockdown announcement, as of 16-03-2020 (red dashed line).

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**Supplementary Fig 2.** Index number of video consultations per diagnostic category, from January 2018 to June 2020. Patients with psychotic disorders (blue line) show the least video consultation frequency compared to other psychiatric diagnoses after the lockdown announcement, as of 16-03-2020 (red dashed line). Some diagnostic categories are aggregated together due to relatively small number of video consultations: other disorders consist of developmental disorders, eating disorders, substance use disorders, and the not yet diagnosed group; Affective disorders consist of anxiety disorders, depressive disorders, PTSD, and bipolar disorders.