

## Supplementary Material A: Personalized Pathway Survey

The goal of this survey is to identify the level of training intensity in clinical/translational core competencies recommended for individuals based on their target career phenotype. The competencies below are those developed by the CTSA Education and Career Development KFC and can be found at:

<https://ctsacentral.org/consortium/best-practices/335-2/>

### Instructions:

1. Select the KL2 Phenotype and area of the translational spectrum. (Keep in mind these will be summarized and provided to educators, mentors and scholars based on resulting categories to be used as a guideline.)
2. Assign the level of training required for the selected phenotype based on the definitions provided (Exposure/Application/Integration). Select "Not Essential" for competencies you believe are not necessary even at the lowest training level (Exposure) for the phenotype selected.
3. Include any comments/questions at the conclusion of the survey.
4. COMPLETE A SEPARATE SURVEY FOR EACH OF THE SIX BROAD PHENOTYPE DEFINITIONS.

### NOTE:

1. If you want to return to the survey for the particular phenotype you are currently answering,
  - hit "Save and Return"
  - Note Return Code provided
  - Email will be generated with return link, and use the return code
2. If you have completed a phenotype survey and want to complete for other phenotypes:
  - "Submit" this completed phenotype survey
  - An email will be generated with a new link to a blank survey

What is your role (as related to research/research training)?

- KL2 Program Director  
 CTSA PI  
 Other Training Program Director  
 If other, please specify training role below

Please specify your training role

---

## PHENOTYPE TO BE CONSIDERED

- i. Community Engaged Researcher: Career goal is to perform research that involves a high level of collaboration between academic researchers and community partners.
- ii. Clinical Researcher: Career goal is to lead intervention studies and/or observational studies in the clinical setting.
- iii. Preclinical Bench Research Investigator: Career goal is to initiate the development of, and to provide supporting data for, the translation of scientific products toward use in a clinical setting.
- iv. Public Health Researcher: Career goal is to study factors and interventions that influence the health of populations that ultimately result in improved public health.
- v. Data Sciences/ Analytics Researcher: Career goal is to work with large datasets to answer questions of biological/public health/policy relevance. (e.g. epidemiological, "big data").
- vi. Dissemination/Implementation Researcher: Career goal is to perform research to inform how to distribute, and to move efficacious health practices from clinical knowledge into routine, real-world use.

---

Phenotype you are considering:

- Community Engaged Researcher
- Clinical Researcher
- Preclinical Bench Research Investigator
- Public Health Researcher
- Data Sciences/ Analytics Researcher
- Dissemination/Implementation Researcher

---

Translational Spectrum (T1-T4):

- T1
- T2
- T3
- T4

---

Comments/questions:

---

**3. Core Competencies: Check the box that corresponds to the level of training you would recommend to an individual based on your selected phenotype. Use the definitions below for the intensity and goal of training: Exposure: An introduction to the competency and meaningful/relevant vocabulary. Training may be done in large groups with different disciplines. Application: More substantial skills training that will be used to initiate and implement a specific research endeavor within a mentored experience or ultimately with collaborators. Integration: In-depth training with a goal for the learner to become independent in using the skills in their own research. N/A: Training in this competency is not required for this phenotype.**

	Exposure	Application	Integration	N/A
1.1 -- Identify basic and preclinical studies that are potential testable clinical research hypotheses.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
1.2 -- Identify research observations that could be the bases of large clinical trials.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
1.3 -- Define the data that formulate research hypotheses.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
1.4 -- Derive translational questions from clinical research data.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
1.5 -- Prepare the background and significance sections of a research proposal.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
1.6 -- Critique clinical and translational research questions using data-based literature searches.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
1.7 -- Extract information from the scientific literature that yields scientific insight for research innovation.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Literature Critique

	Exposure	Application	Integration	N/A
2.1 -- Conduct a comprehensive and systematic search of the literature using informatics techniques.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2.2 -- Summarize evidence from the literature on a clinical problem.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2.3 -- Describe the mechanism of a clinical problem reviewed in a manuscript.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2.4 -- Use evidence as the basis of the critique and interpretation of results of published studies.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2.5 -- Identify potential sources of bias and variations in published studies.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2.6 -- Interpret published literature in a causal framework.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2.7 -- Identify gaps in knowledge within a research problem.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Study Design

	Exposure	Application	Integration	N/A
3.1 -- Formulate a well-defined clinical or translational research question to be studied in human or animal models.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3.2 -- Propose study designs for addressing a clinical or translational research question.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3.3 -- Assess the strengths and weaknesses of possible study designs for a given clinical or translational research question.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3.4 -- Design a research study protocol.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3.5 -- Identify a target population <input type="radio"/> for a clinical or translational research project.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	
3.6 -- Identify measures to be applied to a clinical or translational research project.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3.7 -- Design a research data analysis plan.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3.8 -- Determine resources needed to implement a clinical or translational research plan.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3.9 -- Prepare an application to an IRB.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Research Implementation

	Exposure	Application	Integration	N/A
4.1 -- Compare the feasibility, efficiency, and ability to derive unbiased inferences from different clinical and translational research study designs.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4.2 -- Assess threats to internal validity in any planned or completed clinical or translational study, including selection bias, misclassification, and confounding.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4.3 -- Incorporate regulatory precepts into the design of any clinical or translational study.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4.4 -- Integrate elements of translational research into given study designs that could provide the bases for future research, such as the collection of biological specimens nested studies and the development of community-based interventions.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Sources of Error

	Exposure	Application	Integration	N/A
5.1 -- Describe the concepts and implications of reliability and validity of study measurements.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5.2 -- Evaluate the reliability and validity of measures.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5.3 -- Assess threats to study validity (bias) including problems with sampling, recruitment, randomization, and comparability of study groups.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5.4 -- Differentiate between the analytic problems that can be addressed with standard methods and those requiring input from biostatisticians and other scientific experts.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5.5 -- Implement quality assurance systems with control procedures for data intake, management, and monitoring for different study designs.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5.6 -- Assess data sources and data quality to answer specific clinical or translational research questions.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5.7 -- Implement quality assurance and control procedures for different study designs and analysis.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Statistical Approaches

	Exposure	Application	Integration	N/A
6.1 -- Describe the role that biostatistics serves in biomedical and public health research.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6.2 -- Describe the basic principles and practical importance of random variation, systematic error, sampling error, measurement error, hypothesis testing, type I and type II errors, and confidence limits.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6.3 -- Scrutinize the assumptions behind different statistical methods and their corresponding limitations.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6.4 -- Generate simple descriptive and inferential statistics that fit the study design chosen and answer research question.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6.5 -- Compute sample size, power, and precision for comparisons of two independent samples with respect to continuous and binary outcomes.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6.6 -- Describe the uses of meta-analytic methods.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6.7 -- Defend the significance of data and safety monitoring plans.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6.8 -- Collaborate with biostatisticians in the design, conduct, and analyses of clinical and translational research.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6.9 -- Evaluate computer output containing the results of statistical procedures and graphics.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6.10 -- Explain the uses, importance, and limitations of early stopping rules in clinical trials.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>



## Biomedical Informatics

	Exposure	Application	Integration	N/A
7.1 -- Describe trends and best practices in informatics for the organization of biomedical and health information.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
7.2 -- Develop protocols utilizing management of information using computer technology.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
7.3 -- Describe the effects of technology on medical research, education, and patient care.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
7.4 -- Describe the essential functions of the electronic health record (EHR) and the barriers to its use.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
7.5 -- Explain the role that health information technology standards have on the interoperability of clinical systems, including health IT messaging.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
7.6 -- Access patient information using quality checks via electronic health record systems.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
7.7 -- Retrieve medical knowledge through literature searches using advanced electronic techniques.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
7.8 -- Discuss the role of bioinformatics in the study design and analyses of high dimensional data in areas, such as genotypic and phenotypic genomics.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
7.9 -- Collaborate with bioinformatics specialists in the design, development, and implementation of research projects.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Regulatory Support

	Exposure	Application	Integration	N/A
8A.1 -- Describe the fundamental human subjects, the main authoritative bodies, key codes, and scope of enforcement.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8A.2 -- Describe the Food and Drug Administration requirements for drug biologic products	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8A.3 -- Prepare an application for IRB approval.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8A.4 -- Critique a proposal for risks to human subjects and protections of vulnerable populations.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8A.5 -- Describe the essential elements of voluntary informed consent.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8A.6 -- Describe the principles of research documentation, validation and audit.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Responsible Conduct of Research

	Exposure	Application	Integration	N/A
8B.1 -- Explain the ways in which the principles of research ethics are integrated into the design, conduct, oversight and dissemination of research.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8B.2 -- Describe the authority for and professional standards for the responsible conduct of research.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8B.3 -- Explain the procedures for reporting and investigating misconduct in research.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8B.4 -- Explain conflict of interest management in research.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8B.5 -- Outline criteria for determination of authorship.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8B.6 -- Describe the role of peer review in funding and publication.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8B.7 -- Explain the purpose, policies and procedures to ensure ethical use, care, and animal safety in research.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Scientific Communication

	Exposure	Application	Integration	N/A
9.1 -- Communicate clinical and translational research findings to different groups of individuals, including colleagues, students, the lay public, and the media.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
9.2 -- Translate the implications of clinical and translational research findings for clinical practice, advocacy, and governmental groups.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
9.3 -- Write summaries of scientific information for use in the development of clinical health care policy.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
9.4 -- Translate clinical and translational research findings into national health strategies or guidelines for use by the general public.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
9.5 -- Explain the utility and mechanism of commercialization for clinical and translational research findings, the patent process, and technology transfer.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Cultural Diversity

	Exposure	Application	Integration	N/A
10.1 -- Differentiate between cultural competency and cultural sensitivity principles.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
10.2 -- Recognize the demographic, geographic, and ethnographic features within communities and populations when designing a clinical study.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
10.3 -- Describe the relevance of cultural and population diversity in clinical research design.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
10.4 -- Describe cultural and social variation in standards of research integrity.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
10.5 -- Critique studies for evidence of health disparities, such as disproportional health effects on select populations (e.g., gender, age, ethnicity, race).	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Translational Teamwork

	Exposure	Application	Integration	N/A
11.1 -- Build an interdisciplinary/ intradisciplinary/ multidisciplinary team that matches the objectives of the research problem.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
11.2 -- Manage an interdisciplinary team of scientists.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
11.3 -- Advocate for multiple points of view.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
11.4 -- Clarify language differences across disciplines.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
11.5 -- Demonstrate group decision-making techniques.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
11.6 -- Manage conflict.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
11.7 -- Manage a clinical and/or translational research study.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Leadership

	Exposure	Application	Integration	N/A
12.1 -- Work as a leader of a multidisciplinary research team.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
12.2 -- Manage a multidisciplinary team across its fiscal, personnel, regulatory compliance and problem solving requirements.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
12.3 -- Maintain skills as mentor and mentee.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
12.4 -- Validate others as a mentor.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
12.5 -- Foster innovation and creativity.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Cross Disciplinary Training

	Exposure	Application	Integration	N/A
13.1 -- Apply principles of adult learning and competency-based instruction to educational activities.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
13.2 -- Provide clinical and translational science instruction to beginning scientists.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
13.3 -- Incorporate adult learning principles and mentoring strategies into interactions with beginning scientists and scholars in order to engage them in clinical and translational research.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
13.4 -- Develop strategies for overcoming the unique curricular challenges associated with merging scholars from diverse backgrounds.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

## Community Engagement

	Exposure	Application	Integration	N/A
14.1 -- Examine the characteristics that bind people together as a community, including social ties, common perspectives or interests, and geography.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
14.2 -- Appraise the role of community engagement as a strategy for identifying community health issues, translating health research to communities and reducing health disparities.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
14.3 -- Summarize the principles and practices of the spectrum of community-engaged research.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
14.4 -- Analyze the ethical complexities of conducting community-engaged research.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
14.5 -- Specify how cultural and linguistic competence and health literacy have an impact on the conduct of community engaged research.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

---

Other comments?

---