

# **UK Biobank: enhanced assessment of the epidemiology and long-term impact of COVID-19**

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**Table S1: Baseline and resurvey assessment in UK biobank**

Data Type	Details	Number of Participants	Date of collection
Baseline questionnaire	Sociodemographic factors, family history, psychosocial factors, local environment, lifestyle, health status, medical history, cognitive function	Whole cohort (baseline)	2006-2010
		20,000 (first repeat assessment)	2012-2013
		100,000 target (imaging visit)	2014-ongoing
		60,000 target (repeat imaging)	2019-ongoing
Baseline physical measures	Blood pressure and heart rate, hand grip strength, anthropometry (including bio-impedance), spirometry, heel bone density, arterial stiffness, hearing, eye exam, 4-lead ECG (at rest and during activity)	Whole cohort (baseline)	2006-2010
		20,000 (first repeat assessment)	2012-2013
		100,000 target (imaging visit)	2014-ongoing
		60,000 target (repeat imaging)	2019-ongoing
Web-based questionnaires  (~330,000 participants with an email are sent invitations. All other participants can access questionnaires via the participant website)	24hr diet recall (4 occasions)	210,000 (127,000 completed all 4 occasions)	2011
	Cognitive function	121,000	2014
	Occupational history	122,000	2015
	Mental health	170,000	2017
	Digestive health	185,000	2017
	Food preferences	195,000	2019-2022
	Pain	180,000	2019-2022
	Cognitive function 2	177,000	2021-2022
	Health and well-being	197,000	2022
Physical activity monitor	Accelerometer data on duration and intensity of physical activity	100,000	2013-2016
		2,500 (repeat measurements)	2018
Imaging assessment	MRI abdominal, brain, and heart; full-body DEXA; carotid ultrasound; 12-lead ECG	100,000 target (imaging visit)	2014-ongoing
		60,000 target (repeat imaging), of which 2,000 are part of the COVID repeat imaging study	2019-ongoing
Cardiac monitor	14 days continual ECG to assess atrial fibrillation	36,000 target	2022-ongoing

Abbreviations: DEXA, dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry; ECG, electrocardiogram; MRI, magnetic resonance imaging.. Detailed information on the data currently available in UK Biobank can be found on the UK Biobank data showcase: <https://biobank.ndph.ox.ac.uk/showcase/>.

**Table S2: Health record linkage in UK biobank**

Data Type	Details	Number of Participants	Date of collection
Death registrations	ICD-coded cause-specific mortality	Whole cohort	2006-ongoing
Cancer registrations	ICD-coded cancer diagnoses	Whole cohort	England 1971-ongoing Scotland 1957-ongoing Wales 1971-ongoing
Hospital admissions	ICD-coded diagnoses, and OPCS-coded procedures, from hospital inpatient records, including critical care	Whole cohort	England 1997-ongoing Scotland 1981-ongoing Wales 1999-ongoing
Primary care	Includes Read-coded, BNF and dm+d coded data on diagnoses, prescriptions, and referrals	230,000	England 1938-2017 Scotland 1939-2017 Wales 1948-2017
Primary care (COVID-19 research only)*	Includes Read-coded, SNOMED CT, dm+d coded data on diagnoses, prescriptions, and referrals	409,000	England 1938-2021
SARS-CoV-2 PCR test results	SARS-CoV-2 PCR test results	Whole cohort	2020-ongoing

Abbreviations: ICD, International Classification of Diseases; OPCS, Office of Population Censuses and Surveys Classification of Interventions and Procedures; PCR, polymerase chain reaction. BNF: British National Formulary; dm+d: Dictionary of Medicines and Devices. \*Access for new projects expired June 2022.

**Table S3: List of the COVID-19 related publication that used UK Biobank data resources.**

1. Armstrong J, Rudkin JK, Allen N, Crook DW, Wilson DJ, Wyllie DH, et al. Dynamic linkage of COVID-19 test results between Public Health England's Second Generation Surveillance System and UK Biobank. *Microbial Genomics*. 2020;6(7):mgen000397.
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3. Aung N, Khanji MY, Munroe PB, Petersen SE. Causal Inference for Genetic Obesity, Cardiometabolic Profile and COVID-19 Susceptibility: A Mendelian Randomization Study. *Front Genet*. 2020;11:586308.
4. Batty GD, Deary IJ, Luciano M, Altschul DM, Kivimaki M, Gale CR. Psychosocial factors and hospitalisations for COVID-19: Prospective cohort study based on a community sample. *Brain Behav Immun*. 2020;89:569-78.
5. Chadeau-Hyam M, Bodinier B, Elliott J, Whitaker MD, Tzoulaki I, Vermeulen R, et al. Risk factors for positive and negative COVID-19 tests: a cautious and in-depth analysis of UK biobank data. *Int J Epidemiol*. 2020;49(5):1454-67.
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15. Hastie CE, Mackay DF, Ho F, Celis-Morales CA, Katikireddi SV, Niedzwiedz CL, et al. Vitamin D concentrations and COVID-19 infection in UK Biobank. *Diabetes Metab Syndr*. 2020;14(4):561-5.
16. Hastie CE, Mackay DF, Ho F, Celis-Morales CA, Katikireddi SV, Niedzwiedz CL, et al. Corrigendum to "Vitamin D concentrations and COVID-19 infection in UK Biobank" [Diabetes Metabol Syndr: Clin Res Rev 2020 14 (4) 561-5]. *Diabetes Metab Syndr*. 2020;14(5):1315-6.
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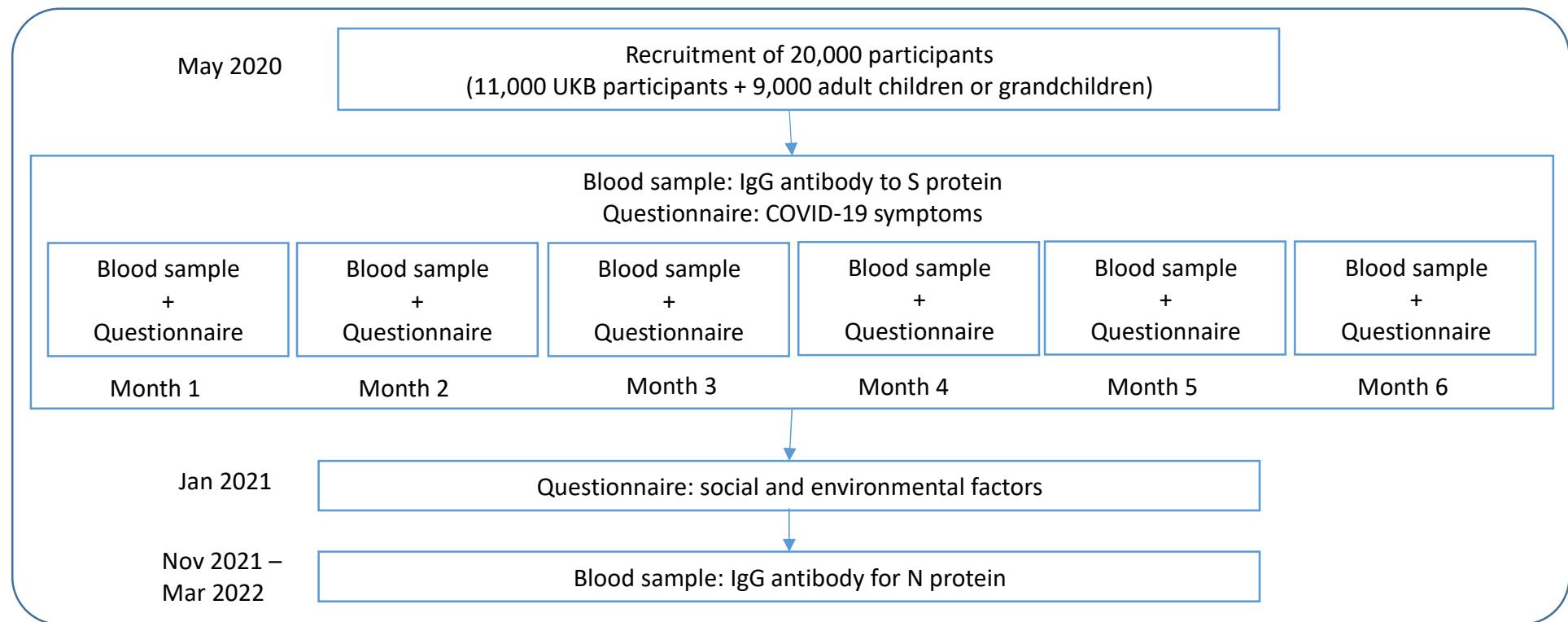
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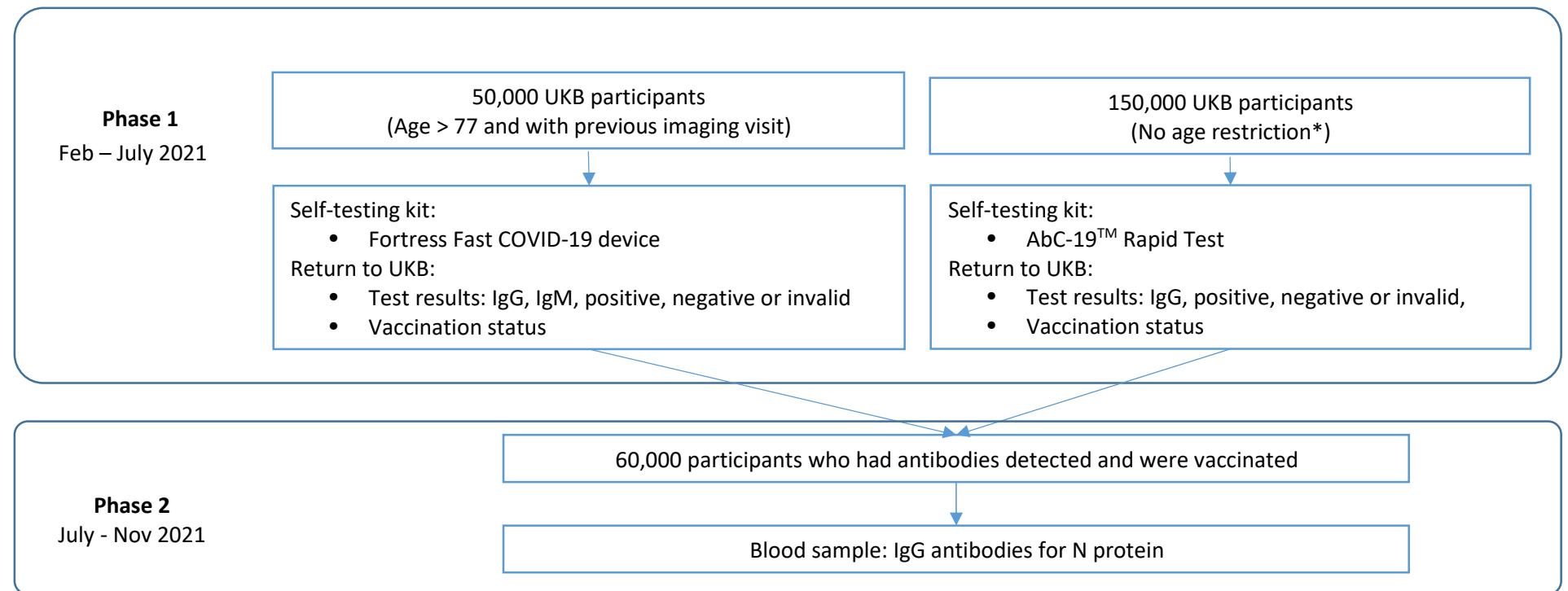
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**Figure S1: UK Biobank SARS-CoV-2 Serology Study**



**Figure S2: UK Biobank Coronavirus Self-Test Antibody Study**



\*: the inclusion criteria here: (1) participants have not taken part in the 50,000-participant phase 1 study, (2) participants were willing to be contacted by UK Biobank.